

Sage Estimating (SQL) (formerly Sage Timberline Estimating) - Ser are software the been etired the been etired Sage Estimating (SQL) SQL Server

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Chapter 1—Microsoft SQL Server and Sage Estimating

Sage is pleased to provide you with this guide to understanding Microsoft[®] SQL Server[®]. Read this guide carefully to learn the basic principles of SQL Server and how it supports Sage Estimating operation.

Sage Estimating uses SQL Server as its database platform. Previous releases used Pervasive as the database platform for storing Sage Estimating data. This database platform change is intended to offer you increased security, performance, and flexibility for your reports, queries, and daily operations.

This document provides information on the impact of these changes. It is important to understand these differences so that you can effectively manage and protect your Sage Estimating data.

Although this document is current as of the time of its distribution, a newer version may be available. For the most recent version, log on to <u>https://customers.sagenorthamerica.com/irj/portal/anony noa login</u> and search for this document in the Technical Support Knowledgebase.

Microsoft SQL Server and Pervasive

Microsoft SQL Server represents a change from the Pervasive database platform used in previous Sage Estimating releases. It is important to understand how the new SQL Server database platform is structured.

SQL Server stores database information in database (.mdf) and iop (.ldf) files. Previously, Sage Timberline Office Estimating created separate estimate files that you could stole in any desired Windows file structure. With the new SQL Server database, Sage Estimating stores any our estimates in the same .mdf database file on a single server known as an *instance*.

Figure 1: Comparison of Pervasive and SQL Server



- An Address Book database
- An estimate database
- One or more standard databases

You configure security for the instance and apply it to all contents, including the Address Book, all standard databases, and all estimates within the estimate database.

Estimates are stored entirely within the estimate database. With the new Sage Estimating, you can use the Estimating Management Console feature to arrange your estimates in a hierarchy of tiers or "branches." The branches you create in the Estimating Management Console are for organizational purposes only; they do not change the structure of your database.

The location of your SQL Server database files (.mdf and .ldf files) depends in part on your operating system. See "SQL Server Express Installation" on page 14 for more information.

The allowable database size in SQL Server is unlimited. However, if you are operating SQL Server Express, the database size is limited to 10 gigabytes (GB). Sage Estimating provides you with a varning if your database size nears the limit.

During the Sage Estimating install, if you choose to install SQL Server 2018 R² Express from the Sage Estimating installation and setup files, the installation process automatically creates a new instance for you. The default name for the instance is SAGE_ESTIMATING; however, you are the option of giving the instance any name you want.

If you choose not to install SQL Server Express from the serup and installation files but elect to create your own instance using an existing SQL Server installation, it must meet certain requirements. See "Modified Installation" on page 16" for more information.

The SAGE_ESTIMATING Instance

Sage Estimating allows the use of just one active SQL Server instance at a time. The active instance is a "closed" SQL Server instance; Sage Estimating does not ecognize databases (Address Book or standard databases) transferred or copied from other SQL Server instances unless they are added by way of the **Search For** feature in the Estimating Management Console.

For example, if you have two Sage Estimating Instans, Install A and Install B, you cannot copy Address Book databases by copying their from Install A's SQL Server instance to Install B's SQL Server instance alone (using SQL Server Management Studio's built in Copy Databases wizard, for example). You must also open the Estimating Management Console and use the Search For P button in the Address Book Companies/Contacts toolbar.





Figure 2: Copying Databases From One SQL Server Instance to Another

Any database you add to an instance must have the same Sage Estimating ve sion as the other operating databases. For example, if you are using Sage Estimating 15.11, and you want to add a standard database from a previous Sage Estimating installation, upgrade the standard database to version 15.11 before adding it to the new instance. Refer to the Estimating Management Consolution-product Help for instructions on adding databases using the Search For feature.

The allowable database size in SQL Server is unlimited. However, if you are operating SQL Server Express, the database size is limited to 10 gigabytes (GB). Gage Estimating provides you with a warning if your database size nears the limit.

During the Sage Estimating install, if you choose to install SQL Serve 2008 R2 Express from the Sage Estimating installation and setup window the installation process automatically configures a new Sage Estimating-compatible instance for you, the default name for the instance is SAGE_ESTIMATING; however, you have the option of giving the instance any name you want.

If you choose not to install SQL Server Express from the setup and installation files but elect to create your own instance using an existing SQL Server installation, it must meet certain requirements. See "Modified Installation" on page 16" rooms information.

Microsoft SGL Server ENes

Every SQL Surve database has a least two files associated with it:

fin that stores the actual data (.mdf)



SQL Server stores your Sage Estimating data in the database file (.mdf). For details, see "SQL Server Express Installation" on page 14.

The transaction log (.ldf) records all changes to the data in the database. This log ensures data integrity by keeping track of data that has changed and can be used to roll the data back to a previous state in the event of a database failure.

It is important to make regular backups of these files. For more information, see "Backing Up SQL Server Databases" on page 17.

Collation settings for use with Sage Estimating

oftware Sage Estimating requires a special collation setting. Collation settings in SQL Server must be set to:

- Latin1_General
- Case-sensitive
- Accent-sensitive

See "Collation Settings," on page 37 for more information.

SQL Database Permissions and Access

You must give each Sage Estimating operator permissions to the Sage Estimating features that he or she is expected to use. Assign database and feature permissions using in security feature of the Estimating Management Console. For more information, see the Estimating Management Console in-product Help.

CAUTION: Do not change the owner of any databases in the Sage Estimating instance.

Read the Supporting Documentation Bafore You Begin

Be sure to read supporting documentation before you begine

- This SQL Server Guide gives you on overview of the significant differences between the new SQL Server databases and the Pervasive databases used in previous Sage Estimating releases.
- The Installation and Administration Guide includes an overview of this release, installation instructions, system requirements and contact information. This document is available in the Documents folder of your Sage Estimating instanction files.
- The *Release Notes* provide details about new features, database changes, known issues, and fixes. This document way ilable in the forments folder of your Sage Estimating installation files.

Setting Started Guike provides an operational overview of the Sage Estimating software. This ocument is available in the Documents folder of your Sage Estimating installation files.



The Options Guide provides installation, setup, and operating instructions for each of the available Sage Estimating options, such as the OnScreen Takeoff Integrator or License Manager. This document is available in the Documents folder of your Sage Estimating installation files.

These documents are current at the time of the release. To learn about issues that have arisen since this document was published, go to <u>www.sagecre.com</u>.

Conventions Used in this Document

This document uses the following conventions:

- Information you type into the software is shown in bold font. For example: Type Miscellaneous in the box.
- The names of screens, windows, fields, and other features displayed by the software are shown in bold font.
- The names of buttons you can click are enclosed in brackets with bold font. For example: JOK] or [Post].
- Names of keys are shown in capital letters. For example: ENTER or TAB Arius can (+) between two key names indicates you should press the keys simultaneously.
- Variable names or names that are specific to your installation may appear in talics and brackets. For example: [Drive]\\[Server].

Symbols

N

NOTE: This symbol is used when presenting information that is supplemental to the adjacent text.

>

TIP: This symbol is used when presenting hereful information for using the software.

8

CAUTION: This symbol is used when presenting important information to help you avoid a loss of critical data.

IMPORTANT: This symbol is used when presenting information that is critical to understand or that requires you to take action.

Menu Paths

In this document, meru paths show you the steps required to start a task. Menu paths appear in bold font with angle brackets around auttons. For example:

"If the program ages not autom tically start, click [Start] > Run."

Colline Help

The Sage Estimating software includes online Help, which provides answers to your questions about procedures as vel'a items in the windows.

To access the online Help in the Sage Estimating software, click the Help button or icon, or press [F1] to display the Help topic for that window.

To aid you in finding the information you need, the online Help for each module includes the following panes:

- Contents pane containing links to the Help topics
- Index pane containing keywords that link to Help topics related to that keyword
- Search pane, where you can type text and click [Search] to locate that text in the Help topics

For more information about using the online Help, see the Sage Estimating Help.

We would like your feedback about the online Help so we can make improvements. Each Help topic contains an area where you can indicate whether the topic was helpful and provide additional comments no protect your privacy, all comments are anonymous.

Training

Sage University offers online and classroom training sessions to help you get the mode out of your Sage Estimating software. To access Sage University, visit www.sageu.com.

You can also get access to Sage University from the File menu by selecting Hup > Sage Estimating on the Web > Sage University.

Technical Assistance

When you need assistance, refer to the Knowledgebase article How do I get technical support for Sage Estimating? to determine which service works best for you.

Submitting Enhancement Requisi

We want to hear your suggestions for immoving the software To send us your comments, click on the File on the Web > Submit Enhancement Requests. Save Estimating



Chapter 2—Technical Information

Supported Editions of SQL Server

Sage Estimating is tested for use with only the following editions of Microsoft[®] SQL Server[®]:

- SQL Server 2008 Standard Edition, Service Pack 1 or greater
- SQL Server 2008 R2 Express Edition
- SQL Server 2008 R2 Standard Edition

11.05

SQL Server 2012 (Sage Estimating version 13.2 and later)

SQL Server 2008 R2 Express Edition is provided free of charge with Sage Estimating. This edition is sufficient for most Sage Estimating customers. However, customers with large databases may need to upgrade to the Standard Edition. For information on Microsoft SQL Server 2008 editions weik www.microsoft.com.

The following table offers a brief comparison of the Express and Standard versions of SQL Server 2008 R2.

Feature	Express	Standard
Concurrent workload governor (throttle) ¹	No	No
Database size	10 GB ²	Unlimited
RAM support	1 GB	Operating system maximum
CPUs supported		4
Windows Vista [®] and Windows 7/8 support	Yes	Yes

Table 1: Comparison of SQL Server Standard and Express Versions

¹ This governor limits the performance of applications to approximately 5 users.

² This database size applies to only SQL Server database files (.mdf) and not to log files (.ldf).

³ Your computer can have multiple CNUs, but only one is used by SQL Server.

Minimum Requirements to Install SQL Server 2008 R2 Express Edition

The following lists some of the minimum requirements for installing SQL Server 2008 R2 Express from the Sage Estimating setup and installation files:

- Windows Installer 4.5 or later
- Internet Explorer 6.0 SP1 or later
- .Net Framework 3.5 Service Pack 1
- 1 GB RAM
- 1 GB free disk space
- 1.4 GHz P-4 CPU

Setup must run under an account with administrative privileges on the computer where SQL Server 2008 R2 Express is being installed.

The hardware requirements may vary, depending on the version of SQLSector 2008 R2 Express you are installing (32-bit or 64-bit). For a complete list of the installation requirements, visit <u>www.microsoft.com</u>.

Supported Operating Systems

You can install SQL Server 2008 R2 and SQL Server 2003 R2 Express on any computer operating Windows XP or later operating systems.

You do not need to install Microsoft SQL Server on the same computer where you install Sage Estimating, depending on your system configuration. For example, if you are ustalling your databases on a separate server, install SQL Server on that server

NOTE: If you plan to migrate (cansier) existing that from a previous version of Sage Estimating, you must install a supported copy of SQL Server on the testination computer or server. Refer to the *Installation and Administratio*. *Guide* or the Lata Migration Utility Help for more information about data migration.

If you are installing or plan to install SQL Server and Sage Estimating on the same computer, keep in mind that the Sage Estimating software is compatible with the 32-bit and 64-bit versions of the following operating systems:

- Windows Vista[®] Ultimate tSP2
- Vindows Vista[®] Business (SP2)
- Windows 2009 Server Standard Edition (SP2)
- Windows 2008 Server Enterprise Edition (SP2)

- Windows 2008 Server Standard Edition R2 (SP1
- Windows 2008 Server Enterprise Edition R2 (SP1)
- Windows 2012 Server Standard Edition
- Windows 7 Ultimate (SP1)
- Windows 7 Professional (SP1)
- This been retired has Windows 7 Enterprise (SP1)

Chapter 3—Installation

Overview

Before installing Sage Estimating, you have two primary SQL Server scenarios to consider:

- SQL Server Express Installation. Installing Sage Estimating also installs SQL Server 2008 R2 Express when you select certain installation options. Follow this scenario for these conditions:
 - You are installing Sage Estimating on a standalone workstation or a workgroup server.
 - You are installing to a server on a domain and you want to use the SQL Server 2008 R2 Express install that comes with the Sage Estimating install package.

The Sage Estimating install package installs and configures a new SQL Server instance of SQL Server 2008 R2 Express whenever you select one of these install options. You can operate the two SQL Server instance alongside an existing SQL Server instance.

 Modified Installation. You have a supported version of SQL Server installed for plan to have one installed) and you want to manually create a new instance to use with that version.

Use the Security feature in the Estimating Management Console to assign database permissions to each operator after installing your SQL Server instance.

For more information on setting up SQL Server security for Sager timating, see the *Installation* & *Administration Guide*.

NOTE: You can install an approved instance of SQL Server side by side on a computer where SQL Server 2012 is also installed. Be aware that installing Sage Estimating may then result in an "Install completed with errors" message; however, the resulting Sage Estimating install operates correctly.

SQL Server Express Installation

Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2 Express comes as an optional component with the Sage Estimating install package. It installs automatically when you select certain sage Estimating installation options.

Follow the instructions below to install SQL Server 2008 R2 Express from the install package.

1 Open the Select Installation Options are Sage Estimating window by double-clicking SetMeUp.exe in your local install folder.

The install forder is created where ery ou download the Sage Estimating install files. For example, if you download the ir stall files to UV sers\Public\Public Documents, look in this folder for the SetMeUp.exe file.



Figure 3: The Select Installation Options for Sage Estimating Window

2 In the Select installation options for Sage Estimating window, where to be of the following options:

Complete Sage Estimating system. This option installs everything you need to operate Sage Estimating on your local workgroup server, offline works above, or standalone computer, including a new instance of SQL Server 2008 R2 Express. Select this potion if you are installing Sage Estimating on a standalone computer or a workgroup server.

NOTE: If you are operating in a workstation/server environment, you do not need to install SQL Server on the workstations. However, you can install SQL Server optionally if you want to maintain a local copy of your estimating data.

- Sage Estimating Server and percentation. Select this option if you are installing to a server on a domain and you want to use the SQ. Server 2009 R9 Express copy that comes with the Sage Estimating install. Selecting this option automatically installs and configures a new instance of SQL Server 2008 R2 Express for you. This option is unavailable if you already have installed Sage Estimating components on the workstation or server.
- Create new local CQI Server instance. This option appears only if you have already installed Sage Estimating components on the work tation or server. Select this option to install and configure a new instance of SQL Server 2008 F2 Express.
- 3 In the Enter new instance name box, type a name for the new SQL Server instance (database server) in the box and click [OK].

The default instance name is SAGE_ESTIMATING but you can give the instance any name you want provided you do not give it the same name as any existing SQL Server instance on the computer.

4 Click [Next] and follow the on-screen instructions for installing Sage Estimating or Sage Estimating server.

The software installer creates the new instance as part of the Sage Estimating installation and notifies you when the process is finished.

NOTE: If you are installing SQL Server on a computer with Windows Vista[®], Windows 2008 Server. Windows 7, or Windows 8, ensure you elevate your privileges at the prompt within two minutes of its appearance or the installation will quit.

Installing SQL Server 2008 R2 Express also installs SQL Server Management Studio Express, a tool for performing database back up and restoration procedures and for assigning database permissions.

Modified Installation

You may want to use a version of SQL Server that already exists on your computer. It must be open of the supported versions listed in "Supported Editions of SQL Server" on page 11.

If you want to use your existing installation of SQL Server, create a new instance to operate alongside your existing SQL Server instances. You can give the new instance any name you want. However, Sage recommends naming the new instance an easily identified name such as SAGE ATING.

Refer to "Appendix—SQL Server Instance Settings" on page 36 for the instance settings.

After creating your new instance, ensure you assign the appropriate database permissions as outlined in the Installation & Administration Guide.



- If you plan to migrate existing data from a Pervasive-based version of Sage Estimating, you must ι ss on after creating a owner of any databas install SQL Server or SQL Server Express on the destination computer or server.
 - Reboot your server or workstation after creating the new instance.

CAUTION: Do not change the owner of any databases in th Sage Estimating instance.

Chapter 4—Back Up and Restore Procedures

Backing Up SQL Server Databases

Performing a complete backup of your Sage Estimating data requires using SQL Server Management Studio or Management Studio Express to back up your Microsoft[®] SQL Server[®] databases. It is critical that you modify your back up procedures to include all the necessary steps.

Your SQL Server database backup copy is generated in two steps:

1 Use SQL Server Management Studio (or Management Studio Express) to make a backup convolution database into a file folder.

The default location for this folder is C:\Program Files\Microsoft SQL Server\MSSQL 10 59.SAGE_ ESTIMATING\MSSQL\Backup. (The actual number and instance name that appears in the path may be different if you have multiple instances of SQL Server installed or if you name your instance a different name.)

2 Make sure to include the SQL backup folder (referenced in step 1) when you perform your tape or third-party backup.

NBESURE to perform regular tests of your backups to ensure they are working properly.

- You can perform backup and restore functions using SQL Server Management Studio or Management Studio Express. Installing SQL Server 2008 R2 Express from the Sage Estimating setup and installation files installs a copy of SQL Server Management Studio Express.
- SQL Server 2008 R2 Management Studio E press automatically detaches and attaches the database when you back up and restore.

CAUTION: The restore process even writes any charges you make to the database between creation of backup copies.

Backing up the GQL Database

1 Start Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio Express (Start > All Programs > Microsoft SQL Server 2008 Express > SQL Server Management Studio Express).

In Windows 8 select Start > 10 apps > Microsoft SQL Server 2008 Express > SQL Server Management studio.

2 Select the database you werk to back up from the Object Explorerpane.

Figure 4: Database List in the Object Explorer Pane



- 4 Under Source (in the right-hand pane of the Back Up Database window), select the database to be backed up from the Database list.
 - For the backup type, select Full.
 - For the backup component, select Database.
- 5 Under Backup Set, type a name for the database backup you are creating in the Name box.

If desired, also type a description for the backup in the **Description**box.

- 6 Set the desired expiration criteria for the backup in the Backup set will expire section.
- 7 Select the backup destination from the Destination list.

This list displays previously defined backup file paths and file names. The backup utility selects the **Backup** folder in your SQL Server instance folder by default but you can add a new file path as a destination by clicking [Add].

8 Click [OK]. A Backup of database completed successfully message appears when the backup operation is finished.

You may now perform your normal tape or third-party back up procedures.

Be sure to include the SQL back up folder (or the folder where your back up copy is stored if you selected another location in step 7). The default location for this folder is C:\Program Files\Microsoft SQL Server\MSSQL10_50.SAGE_ESTIMATING\MSSQL\Backup. (The actual number and the name that appears in the path may be different if you have multiple instances of SQL Server installed or if you named the instance a different name.)

Restoring the SQL Database

in st

- **CAUTION:** The restore process overwrites any changes you make to the database between creation of backup copies.
- 1 Start Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio Express. (Start > All Programs > Microsoft SQL Server 2008 Express > SQL Server Management Studio Express.)

In Windows 8, select Stat > All apps > Microsoft SQL Server 2008 Express > SQL Server Management Studio

2 Select the database you want to restore from the Object Viewer pane.

Figure 6: Database List in the Object Viewer Pane



Figure 7: The Restore Database Window

📙 Restore Database - Ext Comi	mercial Con-Mas
Select a page	Script 👻 💽 Help
Options	Destination for restore
	To database: Ext Commercial Con-Mas
	<u>I</u> o a point in time: Most recent possible
	Source for restore
	Specify the source and location of backup sets to restore.
	From database: Ext Commercial Con-Mas
	© From <u>d</u> evice:
	Select the backup sets to restore:
	Restore Name Component Type Server Database Position Hirst LSN Last LS
Connection	
ORB510451VM7\SAGEE10	
Connection: BEST\AGemmil	
View connection properties	
Progress	
Ready	
~45*	< M
	OK Cancel
4 Select the databas	se you wish to restore in the To databasebox.

If you want to create a new database, type the more of the database in the To database box.

- 5 Under Source for restore, select From database then select the name of the backup database copy you want to use for the restore operation.
- 6 Select the check box of the database you wish to instore nom the Select the backup sets to restore table.
- 7 Click Options (from the select a page pant in the upper left-hand corner of the window).
- 8 In the Restore Optic s area, select the verwrite the existing database check box.
- 9 Click [OK].
 A Restore of catabase concretion successfully message appears when the restoration operation is finished.

NOTE: The restore process overwrites any changes you made to the database since the last time you created the backup cory.

Chapter 5—FAQs

I already use a version of Microsoft[®] SQL Server[®] on my computer. Can I use this version with Sage Estimating?

Sage Estimating requires SQL Server 2008 + SP1 or higher. You must create a new instance for Sage Estimating and it must conform to our recommended security settings. See "The SAGE_ESTIMATING Instance" on page 6 for more information.

NOTE: You can install an approved instance of SQL Server side by side on a computer where SQL Server 2012 is also installed. Be aware that installing Sage Estimating may then result in an "Install completed with errors" message; however, the resulting Sage Estimating install operates correctly.

If I already have a version of SQL Server installed, does installing Sage Estimating upgrade my existing SQL Server version?

No. However, you can install SQL Server 2008 R2 Express from the Sage Estimating set to and installation files for use with Sage Estimating. You can then use both SQL Server versions in a stor by-side configuration (meaning both versions are installed).

What are the minimum system requirements to install SQL Server 2008?

See "Minimum Requirements to Install SQL Server 2008 R2 Express diffion on page 12.

Which operating systems are supported with SQL Server 2008?

See "Supported Operating Systems" on page 12.

Are 64-bit platforms supported?

Yes, you can install SQL Server 2008 Express on the following 64 bit platforms:

- Windows Vista[®] x64 (Ultimate and Business editions) SP1
- Windows 7 x64 (Ultimate and Business editions)
- Windows 2008 Server x64 SP2
- Windows 2008 Server Radio
- Windows 8 (Professional and Ultimate editions)
- Windows 8.1 (Processional and Unipate editions)

Can SQL Server 2008 Express Edition installations be performed on substitute, mapped, or compressed drives?

installations cannot be used on any of these configurations.

Can I use File Tools or other utilities to back up my SQL databases?

No. You must detach your databases and then back them up after the process is complete. File Tools and other utilities do not perform this function.

Use SQL Server 2008 R2 Management Studio or SQL Server 2008 R2 Management Studio Express to back up your SQL data. Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2 Management Studio Express attaches and detaches the database automatically during back up and restore procedures. For more information, see "Backing Up SQL Server Databases" on page 17.

If you are using Sage Estimating version 13.2 or later, you can use SQL Server 2012 Management Studio to perform the backup.

Will running a virus scanner on the SQL Server host machine affect performation

For performance reasons, if you plan to run a virus scanner on the machine that hosts the SQL Server instance, you should exclude files that have MDF, LDF, NDF, BAK, TRN, and TRC extuncters. You should also exclude additional processes for the version of SQL Server that you are running. For more information about the files and processes to exclude, see Microsoft Knowledgebase article 309422 at http://support2.microsoft.com/kb/309422.

How can I test whether SQL Server is working in Sage Estimating

The first time you start Sage Estimating or the Estimating Management Console after installing the Sage Estimating software, you should be able to use the Configuration wizard to locate your SQL Server instance. If you are able to use the Configuration wizard to successfully locate at least one SQL Server instance, your installation of SQL Server is operating correctly.

If you are able to open or create estimates and databases in the Sage Estimating software, SQL Server is operating correctly.

What do I need to be able to manage user access rights in SQL Server?

For Sage Estimating, security is managed entirely from within the Security feature of the Estimating Management Console. You can create roles and their consponding permissions to access various Sage Estimating tasks and features.

You must be belong to the Sage s imating administrator role to create roles and assign them to other operators. For more information about creating oles and permissions, refer to the Sage Estimating Installation & Administration Guide or the Estimating Management Console in-product Help.

I can connect to a SQL Server instance on my local computer but why can't I connect to a SQL Server instance on a remote server?

You may need to reconfigure your firewall settings. See "Firewall settings" on page 26.



Chapter 6—Troubleshooting SQL Server

This section provides additional information if you have any difficulty installing or connecting to a supported version of Microsoft[®] SQL Server[®].

Installation Issues

The following paragraphs provide troubleshooting tips for installation issues.

Collation

Sage Estimating requires a special collation setting. Collation settings in SQL Server must be set to:

- Latin1_General
- Case-sensitive
- Accent-sensitive

These settings are configured automatically when you create the SQL Server 2008 2 Express instance from the Sage Estimating install. You may sometimes see this listed in SQL Server as SQL_Latin1_General_CS_AS.

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NOTE: If you performed an upgrade to SQL Server 2008 P2 your collation settings may not correctly match the settings required by Sage Estimating.

Compatibility

Sage Estimating requires SQL Server 2008 + SP1 on higher. However, SQL Server 2012 is only compatible with Sage Estimating 13.2 and later.

SQL Server is designed so that multiple instances may exist on a single computer. Each instance is independent of the others, and may use offerent versions or service packs. The following can be used alongside the instance you create for Sage Estimating:

- MSDE 2000 + SP3 or higher
- SQL Server 2000 + SP2 on higher

NOTE: Multiple versions of SP3 exist. The only compatible version of SQL Server 2000 is 8.00.760.0.

You may need to remove the existing version to resolve the compatibility issue. However, be aware that other software may be using the incomoal ble version. Contact your system administrator before attempting to remove any incompatible version.

If you determine that the version can be removed safely, use Windows' Add or Remove Programs to remove it (note that you reay have to remove several entries to completely remove the version).

Connection Issues

The following paragraphs provide troubleshooting tips for connection issues.

Authentication mode

The authentication mode for the SQL Server instance you create for Sage Estimating must be set to **Windows Authentication and SQL Server Authentication** (also referred to as "Mixed Mode") to work with Sage Estimating. In this mode, SQL Server creates and maintains your login information. See "Chapter 6— Troubleshooting SQL Server" on page 24 for more information.

Changing the authentication mode

If the authentication mode is not set correctly, you can resolve this issue in SQL Server Management Studio Express, as follows:

1 Start SQL Server Management Studio Express (Start > All Programs > Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2 > SQL Server Management Studio Express).

In Windows 8, select Start > All apps > Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2 > SQL Server Management Studio Express.

2 Confirm that the correct Server type, Server name, and Authentic settings are correct, and then click [Connect]. For example:

Server type: Database Engine

Server name: Machine_name\instance_name

Authentication: Windows Authentication

NOTE: If Windows Authentication does not work, try SQL Son er Authentication. You must have security permission in SQL Server's access the database using this authentication.

- 3 In the Object Explorer pane, right click on the server name and select Properties.
- 4 You must select the server have not the folde sole ow it, in order to see the Security option in the next step.
- 5 Select Security.
- 6 Select SQL Server and Windows Authentication.
- 7 Click [OK] twice.

If ne authentication mode is set correctly and you are still experiencing problems, contact your system administrator to review your permission settings in Windows or SQL Server. See "Security Administration" on page 30 for more information.



Database location

Your default database location may not be set correctly in the system registry. See "Appendix—SQL Server Instance Settings" on page 36 for verification instructions.

Firewall settings

If you experience communication issues with a remote SQL Server instance, you may be using a firewall that is set up to block network traffic between your computer and the SQL Server instance. To allow communication, you need to set two firewall exceptions:

- The SQL Server Database Engine service
- The SQL Server browser service
 - **Notes** following instructions are for use with Windows Firewall. If you are using another firewall for your system, contact the firewall manufacturer for instructions on setting service exceptions.
 - Sage recommends contacting your system administrator if you need to have firewall settings.
 - This procedure does not cover setting firewall exceptions for installations on a workgroup. If you are using SQL Server on a workgroup server, you must set separate frewall exceptions to allow your workstations to communicate with the SQL Server instance. Refer to the *Installation & Administration Guide* for instructions.

Setting the SQL Server Database Engine exception

Set up a SQL Server Database Engine exception for each instance of SQL Server you use with Sage Estimating.

- 1 Determine the path to your SQL Server computer
 - a On the computer or server where SQL Server is installer, open me SQL Server Configuration Manager by selecting Start > All Programs > hicrosoft SQL Server 2008 R2 (or Microsoft SQL Server 2008) > Configuration Tools > SQL Server Configuration Manager (in Windows 8, select Start > All apps > Microsoft SQL Server 2008 N2 > SQL Server Configuration Manager).

The SQL Server Conficuration Manager of en

Figure 8: The SQL Server Configuration Manager

Sql Server Configuration Manager						
Eile Action View Help						
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SQL Server Services	SQL Server (SAGE_ESTIMATING)	Running	Automatic	NT AUTHORITY\NE	1772	
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SQL Native Client 10.0 Configuration						
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instance for which	you are creating the	e firewall e	xception, a	and select I	Propertie	es.
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log On Service FILESTR	EAM Advanced	
General		
Binary Path	c:\Program Files\Microsoft SQL 9	
Error Control	1	
Exit Code	0	
Host Name	ORB510451VM7	
Name	SQL Server (SAGE_ESTIMATING)	
Process ID	1772	
SQL Service Type	SQL Server	
Start Mode	Automatic	
		NOI
J inary Path Path to the executable file	for this service.	offer
ок (In the Binary Path	Cancel Apply Help entry, note or record the path describe	d within the quotation marks. This is the
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ок In the Binary Path path to the SQL Se ignore the text outs pen Windows Firew ools > Adm the left-hand pane of ules and select New of the New Inbound	Cancel Apply Help entry, note or record the path describe over instance binary files (the path is co- ide the quotes). all by selecting Start > Operator Panel rewall with Advanced Settings. bws 8, select Start > All apps > Windows inistrative Dears > Windows Firewall of the Windows Firewall with Advan- ration Rule wizard, select the Program optic	d within the quotation marks. This is the rontained only within the quotation marks- System and Services > Administra lows System > Control Panel > System all > Advanced Settings. ced Security window, right-click on Inbo on and click [Next].
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OK In the Binary Path path to the SQL Se ignore the text outs pen Windows Firew ools > Windows Firew ools > Windows Firew ools > Windows Firew out are using Windo nd Services > Adm the left-hand pane of ules and select New the New Inbount elect the This prograve lick [Provse] and lo pen].	Cancel Apply Help entry, note or record the path describe over instance binary files (we path is co- ide the quotes). all by selecting Start > control Panel rewall with Advanced Settings. bws 8, select Start > All apps > Windows inistrative Doors > Windows Firewall of the Windows Firewall with Advan- run Rule wizard, select the Program optic ram path option: hate the equiservr.exe file at the binary sponnection option then click [Next].	d within the quotation marks. This is the rontained only within the quotation marks- > System and Services > Administra lows System > Control Panel > Syste all > Advanced Settings. ced Security window, right-click on Inbo on and click [Next]. file path you recorded in step 1 then click

Figure 9: SQL Server Properties Window—Service Tab

- 9 Type the name of your SQL Server instance in the Name box.
- 10 Click [Finish] to create the firewall exception for the SQL Server Database Engine service.

The Windows Firewall with Advanced Security window opens.

Figure 10: Windows Firewall with Advanced Security Window

Windows Firewall with Advanced	Security				
<u>File Action View H</u> elp					
🗢 🔿 🙋 🖬 🗟 🗊					
🔗 Windows Firewall with Advance	Inbound Rules			Actions	
Inbound Rules	Name	Group	Profile ^	Inbound Rules	
🛼 Connection Security Rules	Windows Collaboration Computer Name	Windows Collaboration Co	All	🚉 New Rule	
🛛 🕨 🌉 Monitoring	Windows Collaboration Computer Name	Windows Collaboration Co	All	🕎 Filter by Profile 🕨 🕨	
	Windows Communication Foundation N	Windows Communication F	All	Filter by State	
	Windows Firewall Remote Management (Windows Firewall Remote	Private		
	Windows Firewall Remote Management (Windows Firewall Remote	Domain	The ritter by Group	
	Windows Firewall Remote Management (Windows Firewall Remote	Domain	View 🕨	
	Windows Firewall Remote Management (Windows Firewall Remote	Private	Q Refresh	
	Windows Management Instrumentation	Windows Management Instr	Private	Export List	
	Windows Management Instrumentation	Windows Management Instr	Domain		
	Windows Management Instrumentation	Windows Management Instr	Domain	Help	
	Windows Management Instrumentation	Windows Management Instr	Private		
	Windows Management Instrumentation	Windows Management Instr	Private		
	Windows Management Instrumentation	Windows Media Player	All		
	Windows Media Player (60P-In)	Windows Media Player	All		
	Windows Media Player Network Sharing	Windows Media Player Net	Domain -		
	Windows Media Player Network Sharing	Windows Media Player Net	Private		
	Windows Media Player Network Sharing	Windows Media Player Net	Private		
	Windows Media Player Network Sharing	Windows Media Player Net	Domain		
	Windows Media Player Network Sharing	Windows Media Player Net	Private		
•	•				

Setting the SQL Server browser service exception

1 Open Windows Firewall by selecting Start > Convol Panel > System and Services > Administrative Tools > Windows Firewall with Advancer Serings.

If you are using Windows 8, select Start, All apps > Windows System > Control Panel > System and Services > Administrative Tools > Windows Firevall > Advanced Settings.

- 2 In the left-hand pane of the WinNows Firewall with Advanced Security window, right-click on Inbound Rules and select New Rule.
- 3 In the New Inbound Pule wizard, select the Port option and click [Next].
- 4 Select UDP as the protocol type.
- 5 Select the Specific local ports of for and type 1434 in the corresponding box.
- 6 Click [Next].

7 Select the Allow the connection option and click [Next].

- 8 Select the Dorrein, Public, and Private check boxes then click [Next].
- 9 Type SQL Survey Browser Exception in the Name box.

10 Click [Finish] to create the firewall exception for the SQL Server browser service.

Network configuration

To connect with SQL Server, you must have TCP/IP enabled.

Enable TCP/IP

If you are receiving network configuration errors, make sure that TCP/IP is enabled, as follows:

- 1 Select Start > Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Windows Firewall with Advanced Security.
- 2 Start SQL Server Configuration Manager (Start > All Programs > Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2 > Configuration Tools > SQL Server Configuration Manager).

In Windows 8, select Start > All apps > Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2 > SQL Server Configuration Manager.

- 3 Expand SQL Server 2008 Network Configuration.
- 4 Select Protocols for SAGE_ESTIMATING (or the name of your instance
- 5 Right-click on TCP/IP and select Enable.
- 6 Click [OK].

NOTE: You must stop and restart the SQL Server services for this change to take effect. See "SQL Server services" on page 30 for more information.

Running a virus scanner on the SQL Server host machine

For performance reasons, if you plan to run a vius spanner on the machine that hosts the SQL Server instance, you should exclude files that have MDF, LDF, NDF, BAK, JRN, and TRC extensions. You should also exclude additional processes for the version of SQL Ser/er that you are running. For more information about the files and processes to exclude see Microsoft K lowledgebase article 309422 at http://support2.microsoft.com/kb/309422

Security Administratio

Operators using Sage Estimating must have SQL Server permissions to the databases they are expected to use. You assign permissions using the Foles and Permissions features in the Estimating Management Console. For more information, see the Installation & Administration Guide.

If an operator is experiencing connection issues with a database, verify the operator belongs to a role with the appropriate commissions.

SOL Server services

You may have several OQL Server services or instances, depending on the version of SQL Server you are using. For SQL Server 2008 R2 Express, the following are used:

- SQL Server (the name you assigned to the SQL Server instance)
- SQL Server Browser

If the service is not running, you can start it using SQL Server Configuration Manager.

To Start the SQL Server Engine Using SQL Server Configuration

 Start SQL Server Configuration Manager (Start > All Programs > Microsoft SQL Server 2008 (or Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2) > Configuration Tools > SQL Server Configuration Manager).

If you are using Windows 8, select Start > All apps > Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2 > SQL Server Configuration Manager.

- 2 Select SQL Server Services.
- 3 Right-click the service (for example, SQL Server (<instance name>)), and then click manual server (<instance name>)).

To Stop the SQL Server Engine Using SQL Server Configuration

1 Start SQL Server Configuration Manager (Start > All Programs > Micro on SQL Server 2008 > Configuration Tools > SQL Server Configuration Manager).

If you are using Windows 8, select Start > All apps > Microsoft Set Set er 2008 R2 > SQL Server Configuration Manager.

- 2 Select SQL Server Services.
- 3 Right-click the service (for example, SQL Server (<instance name>)) and then click Stop.

Determining the path to the SQL Server program

If you have multiple instances of SQL Server installed, each instance is independent of the others. To determine the location of the SQL Server program for a particular instance, do the following:

1 Start SQL Server Management Studio Express (Start > All Programs > Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2 > SQL Server Management Studio or SQL Server Management Studio Express).

In Windows 8, select Statt > All apps > Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2 > SQL Server Management Studio.

- 2 In the Connect to Server window, confirm that the correct Server type, Server name, and Authentication are selected, and then click [Connect]. For example:
 - Server type Database El cine

Srvenname: Completer_name\instance_name

Authentication. Windows Authentication

If Windows Avmentication does not work, try SQL Server Authentication. You must have security permission in SQL Server to access the database using this authentication.

3 Right-click on the server name, and then select Properties.

The path is listed on the General page next to Root Directory. Make note of this path.

4 Click [Cancel] and then close the SQL Server Management Studio Express window to exit without making any changes.

The program exists in the Binn directory, which is below the root directory you noted in step 4. For example: C:\Program Files\Microsoft SQL Server\MSSQL.1\MSSQL\Binn\sqlservr.exe. The actual number in the path may be different depending on how many instances you have installed on the computer.

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Chapter 7—Additional Information

The following is provided as additional resource material. It is included for reference only and is not meant to imply that Sage supports, controls, or endorses any of the content. Be aware that titles, links, and content can change and may not always be pertinent to your situation.

General Information

Instance Configuration:

http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms143531(v=SQL.100).aspx

Microsoft SQL Server 2008 Security Datasheet:

stin are http://download.microsoft.com/download/D/1/B/D1B8D9AA-19E3-4DAB-AF9C-05C9CCEDD85C/SQL%20Server%202008%20Security%20-%20Datasheet.pdf

Collation or Corruption

How to Rebuild the Master Database for SQL Server 2008:

http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dd207003(v=SQL.100).as ox

Security

Password Policy:

http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms161059(v=SQL.100).aspx

SQL Server 2008 Security White Papers:

http://www.microsoft.com/sql/technologic./security/wbit rs.mspx

Strong Passwords:

http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms161962(v=SQL.100).aspx

Services

How to Verify a Successful Installation of SQL Server 2008 Reporting Services:

http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms143773(v=SQL.100).aspx

Managing the Database Engine Services:

Chapter 8—Glossary

BOL/Books On Line

SQL Server Books On Line. These are resource materials for SQL Server provided by Microsoft. Books On Line is automatically installed with the Sage Estimating installation of SQL Server 2008 Express Edition. You can also download a current copy at www.microsoft.com.

Instance/Named Instance

A complete database environment, including the relational database management system software, table ottware structure, stored procedures, and other functionality.

Microsoft Desktop Engine (MSDE)

A database engine compatible with earlier versions of SQL Server.

sa

The system administrator for SQL Server.

SQL

Structured Query Language, the standardized language used in virtually all relational databases.

SQL Server Management Studio (SSM

The configuration tool used to manage all aspects of the SSE server.

SQL Server Management Studic Express (SSMSE/SSMS Express)

A limited version of SQL Server Management Studio.

Stored Procedures

Database functions that allow advanced pre-complex queries.

Transact-SQL

A robust scripting language supported by Microsoft SQL Server.

User Account Control

A method of adding security to Windows by creating different access levels for administrators and standard urers. A also prevents standard users from changing system settings or affecting sensitive system



Appendix—SQL Server Instance Settings

If you have an existing instance of a supported version of Microsoft[®] SQL Server[®] installed, you can set up another instance to work with Sage Estimating. (Options described in this section may vary slightly depending on the edition you are installing.)

NOTE: If you choose to uninstall your existing instance first, reboot your server before reinstalling to avoid problems with the new installation.

CAUTION: Do not change the owner of any databases in the Sage Estimating instance. Set your new SQL Server 2008, SQL Server 2008 R2 , SQL Server 2008 R2 Express, or (for sale Etimating 13.2 and later) SQL Server 2012 instance to the settings as outlined in the following section HNO

SAGE ESTIMATING Instance

Figure 11: Instance Configuration Settings

tup Support Rules	Default instance			
allation Type	Named instance:			
uct Key	• Named instance.	SAGE_ESTIMATING		
se Terms				
Role	Instance ID:	SAGE ESTIMATIN	•	
re Selection			A	
llation Rules	Instance <u>r</u> oot directory:	C:\Prog. m File Microsoft SQL Sen	VI (
nce Configuration				
Space Requirements	SOL Server directory:	C:\Program Files\Microsof 30. erv	er MSSOL10 50.SAGE E	STIMATING
er Configuration				
abase Engine Configuration	Insta <u>l</u> led instances:			
or Reporting	Instant Nake In	nstance ID Features	Edition	Version
Illation Configuration Rules	SAG EST M TING M	ISSQL10_50.SL G. SCLEngine	Express with Adva	10.50.1600.1
dy to Install	Shared Compon	Pams		10.50.1600.1
lation Progress				
nplete	0			
N	0			
6	0.			
		< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> e	ext > Cancel	Help

Authentication Mode

Figure 12: Authentication Mode Settings

🏗 SQL Server 2008 R2 Setup				
Database Engine Configu	iration			
Specify Database Engine authentic	ation security mode, adn	ministrators and data directories.		
Setup Support Rules Installation Type Product Key License Terms Setup Role Feature Selection Installation Rules Instance Configuration Disk Space Requirements Server Configuration Database Engine Configuration Error Reporting Installation Configuration Rules Ready to Install Installation Progress	Account Provisioning Specify the authent Authentication Mod <u>Wi</u> ndows authen <u>Mixed Mode (SQ</u> Specify the password <u>Enter password:</u> Confirm password: Specify SQL Server a	g Data Directories FILESTREAM tication mode and administrators for the Database Engine. ide intication mode QL Server authentication and Windows authentication) ord for the SQL Server system administrator (sa) account. intication intication administrators	IV-CA Intrators have increases to tratarse Forgine	2
Complete	Add <u>C</u> urrent User	Add Remove	Help "A	

The instance must support Mixed Mode authentication (Windows Suthentication and SQL Server Authentication). This means either Windows authentication or SQL Server authentication can be used to access the database information.

When Windows authentication is used, the operator must have permissions to use SQL Server or be a member of a group that has those permissions. In Windows authentication mode, SQL Server validates the account name and password using information from the Windows operating system.

When SQL Server authentocation is used, the operator must have system administrator (sysadmin) rights in SQL Server. The SQL Server authentication is used for backward-compatibility and requires a strong password.

Collation Settings

Collation settings must be Latin 1_General, case-sensitive, and accent-sensitive (Latin1_General_CS_

You can customize the collation settings during the server configuration portion of the SQL Server install. In the SQL Server contains customization window, make the following selections:

- Select the Windows collation designator and sort order option (instead of SQL collation, which is the default)
- Latin1_General (for the collation designator)
- Case-sensitive
- Accent-sensitive
- Clear all other options

Additional Recommendations

To ensure accurate performance, Sage **<u>strongly</u>** recommends making changes and verifications to the following settings in SQL Server Management Studio and SQL Server Configuration Manager Failure to make these changes may result in poor Sage Estimating performance or communication issues.

Memory

Determine the amount of available memory on the server or workstation where SQL Server is installed. To prevent SQL Server from consuming all available memory, use SQL Server management Studio to set the maximum amount of memory (in the instance properties) to a reasonable multi such as 4 GB) as follows:

- 1 Right-click on the SQL Server instance and select Properties.
- 2 In the Server Properties window, click Memory (left-hand part
- 3 Set the Maximum server memory amount to 4000 (sc whatever limit you determine).

Communication protocol

Set the communication protocol settings for the Sege Estimating SQL Server instance as follows:

1 Start the SQL Server Configuration Manager by selecting Sar' > All Programs > SQL Server 2008 (or SQL Server 2008 R2) > Configuration Tools > SQL Server Configuration Manager.

In Windows 8, select Start All apps > SQL 59 ver 2008 > SQL Server Configuration Manager.

- 2 In the left-hand pane of the SQL Server Configuration Manager window, click the arrow next to SQL Server Network configuration to display all local SQL Server instances.
- 3 Select the instance associated win page Estimating (SAGE_ESTIMATING, by default).
- 4 In the right hand pane right-c close a communication protocol and select Disable.

5 Rep at step 4 for all communication protocols except TCP/IP. Leave this protocol Enabled.

6 In the left-hand page of the SQL Server Configuration Manager window, click the arrow next to SQL Native Count 12.0 Configuration or SQL Native Client 11.0 Configuration (depending on your SQL Server instance).

- 7 Click Client Protocols (left-hand pane).
- 8 In the right-hand pane right-click on a communication protocol and select **Disable**.
- 9 Repeat step 8 for all communication protocols except TCP/IP. Leave this protocol Enabled.
- 10 Close the SQL Server Configuration Manager and restart the service.

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