



Sage Estimating (SQL) v20.1

Getting Started Guide

November 2021

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Contents

Contents are now available from the Bookmarks panel, which you can access quickly from anywhere in this PDF. Bookmarks are displayed automatically when you open the PDF from a download location on your computer.

If you are viewing this guide in a web browser, you might need to turn on the bookmarks from the toolbar in the PDF, depending on your browser. (For example, in Microsoft Edge, hover over the top of the page to display the toolbar, and then click the Table of contents icon in the top left corner. In the Chrome browser, you would click the Bookmarks icon in the top right corner.)

Chapter 1: Welcome to Sage Estimating

Sage is pleased to welcome you as a client. If you are new to Sage Estimating, or you want to know how to use this new release, read this guide to find out how Sage Estimating can help you create, organize, manage, and analyze hundreds of estimates.

Sage Estimating gives you the flexibility, speed, and accuracy to generate competitive estimates, bids, and budgets. An innovative spreadsheet interface is supported by fast takeoff tools, a comprehensive price database, and a wide range of ways to analyze and fine-tune your project.

About this Guide

This guide covers the following topics:

- Getting Help—a discussion of the Help system and useful contact information.
- Learning Basic Concepts—the concepts and philosophy behind Sage Estimating.
- Creating a New Estimate—learn how to create a new estimate.
- Performing Takeoff—instructions for copying information from a standard database into an estimate.
- Working with the Spreadsheet—learn how to navigate the Sage Estimating spreadsheet.
- Printing Reports—learn how to prepare and print reports.
- Using Address Book—learn how to set up the Estimating Management Console Address Book to store contact information.
- Advanced Features—learn how to use advanced Sage Estimating features.

Ways to Get Help

Use Sage Estimating Help or a variety of self-help resources to get answers to your questions. You can also call Customer Support.

The Help System

Sage Estimating Help provides more efficient access to information than most manuals. With a click of the mouse or a keystroke, you can easily get Help for a command, a field, a window, or a procedure.


Sage Estimating (SQL) displays Help in your default browser. If you have an Internet connection, it displays the most current Help for your version of Sage Estimating (SQL) available from a hosted Help server. If you

have no connection (you are working offline), it displays Help that was current when the software was released, and is installed on your computer when you install Sage Estimating (SQL).

Important! Because the Microsoft Edge browser does not display locally installed help properly, we recommend that you select a different default browser when working offline.

To get Help on a window option

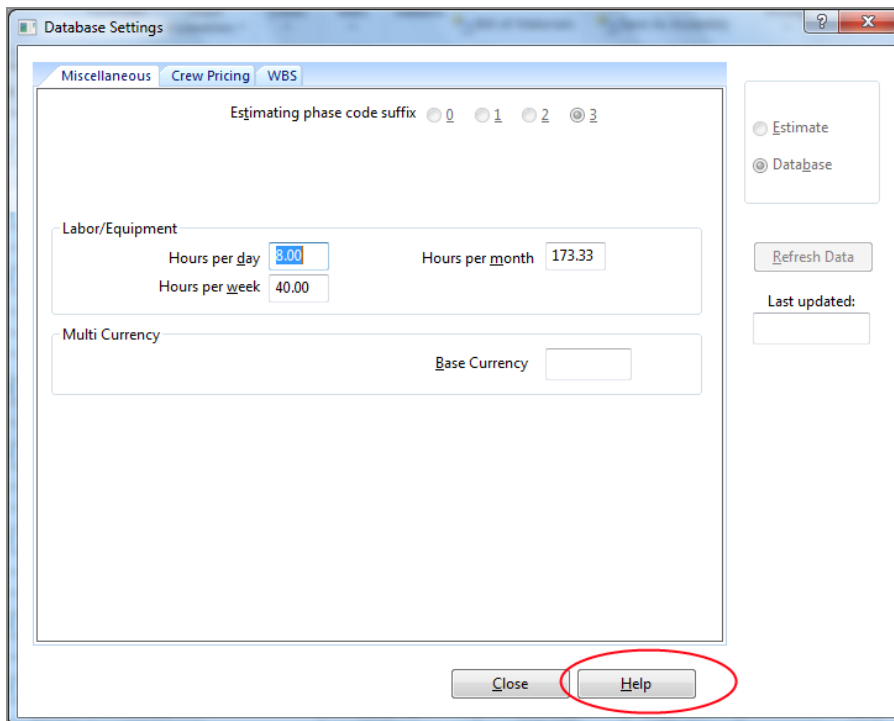
Help is available on virtually every option within a window. To display Help, do one of the following:

- Click  **What's This?** on the toolbar or on the title bar, and then click the option.
- Select **What's This?** from the **Help** menu, and then click the option.
- Select the option, and then press F1.

To get Help for the whole window

For information about the window, such as the window's purpose and what tasks you can perform in it, click **[Help]** at the bottom of the window.

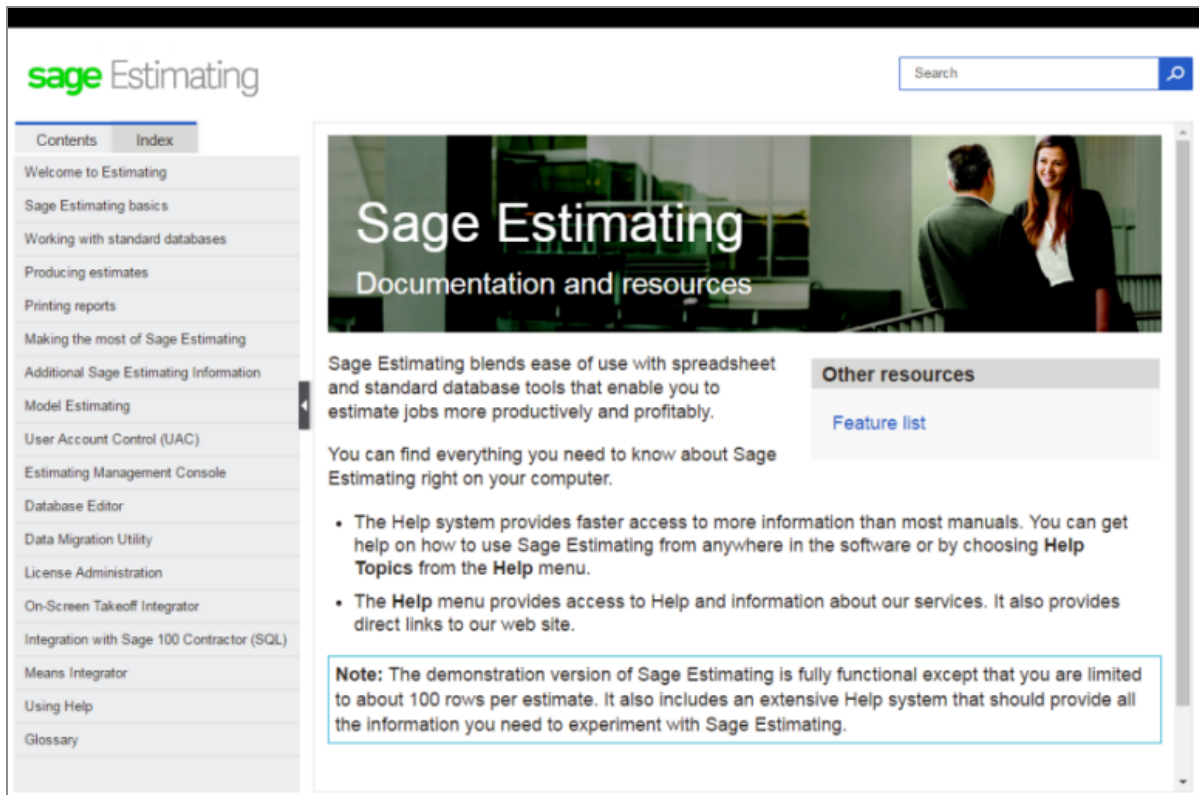
Window Help Button



To use Help to learn how to do tasks

❓ Click [**Help**] on the toolbar, or select the **Home** tab > **Help** group > **Help** (or select **Help** menu > **Help topics** in classic view).

The Help Window



Use one of these tabs on the navigation pane to begin looking for a topic.

- **Contents** contains Help subjects organized within books.
- Click the **Glossary** heading on the Contents tab to view an alphabetical list of definitions of terms used throughout the Sage Estimating software.
- **Index** contains an alphabetical list of Help subjects.

When you see the topic you want, double-click it to display it.

Use the **Search** box to find articles that match the keywords you enter.

Read the Supporting Documentation Before You Begin

This *Getting Started Guide* provides an operational overview of the Sage Estimating software.

Read the following supporting documentation carefully before you install and configure Sage Estimating.

- The *Installation and Administration Guide* includes a system overview, installation and configuration instructions, and information about managing your Sage Estimating license.
- The *Release Notes* provide details about new features, database changes, known issues, and fixes.
- The *SQL Server Guide* gives you an overview of the significant differences between the new SQL Server databases and the Pervasive databases used in previous Sage Estimating releases.
- The *Sage 100 Contractor (SQL) Integration Guide* describes how to integrate Sage Estimating with Sage 100 Contractor (SQL), making certain data in that program available in Sage Estimating, and it explains how to use the interface wizards to send proposals, budgets, and change orders you create in Sage Estimating to Sage 100 Contractor (SQL).
- The *Sage 300 Job Cost Integration Guide* provides installation, setup, and operating instructions for Sage 300 Job Cost integration.
- The *Means Integration Guide* provides installation, setup, and operating instructions for Means Integrator.
- The *On-Screen Takeoff Integration Guide* provides installation, setup, and operating instructions for Sage 300 Construction and Real Estate.

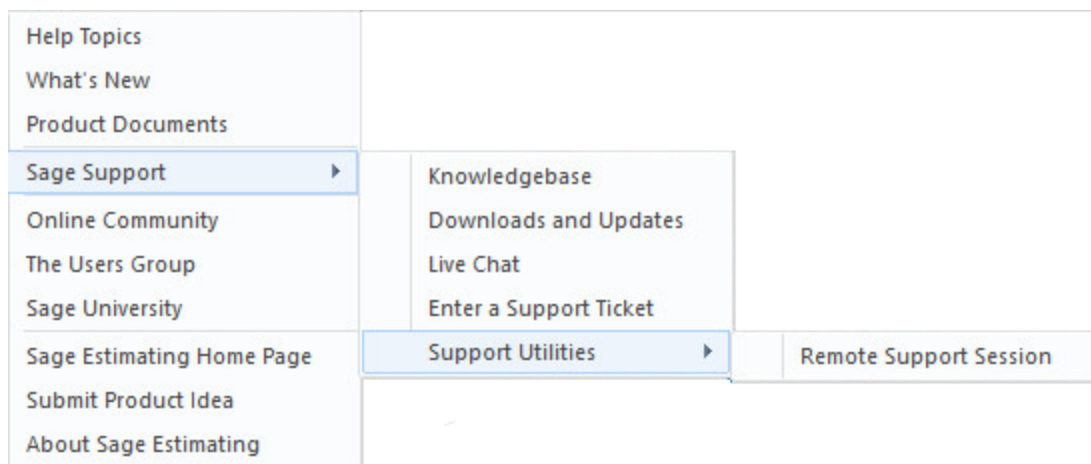
Notes:

- For current information about supported operating systems, Internet browsers, Microsoft® SQL Server®, and other software, and about system requirements for servers and client workstations, refer to our Knowledgebase article ID 105383, available at <https://support.na.sage.com/selfservice/viewdocument.do?externalId=105383>.
- Documentation for all supported versions of Sage Estimating (SQL) is available at <http://cdn.na.sage.com/Docs/en/customer/estimating/Documentation.htm>.
- Documentation for all supported versions of Sage 100 Contractor is available at <http://cdn.na.sage.com/docs/en/customer/100contractor/Documentation.htm>.

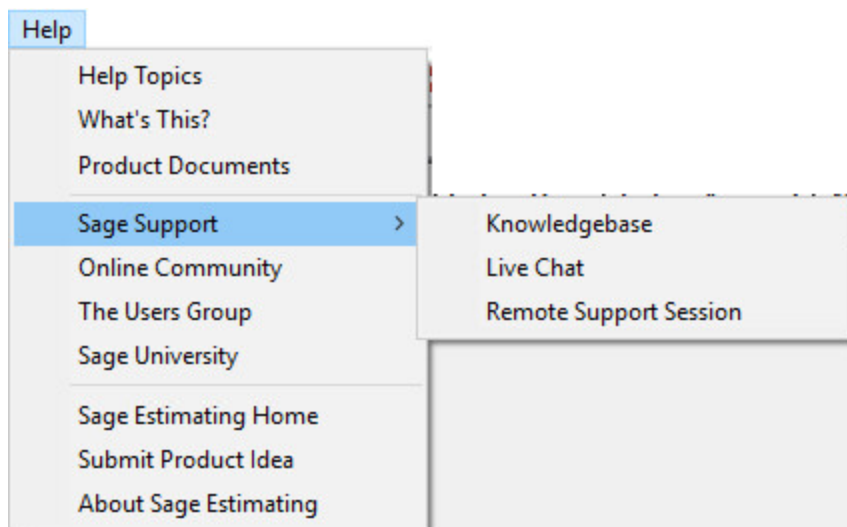
Additional Self-help Resources

The Help menus available in ribbon view and in classic view provide convenient links to a variety of self-help resources.

The Help menu in Ribbon view



The Help menu in Classic view



Training


Sage University offers online and classroom training sessions to help you get the most out of your Sage Estimating software. To visit Sage University, go to www.sageu.com.

You can also click **File > Help > Sage University**.

Technical Assistance

When you need assistance, refer to the Knowledgebase article [How do I get technical support for Sage Estimating?](#) to determine which service works best for you.

Submitting Enhancement Requests

We want to hear your suggestions for improving the software. To send us your comments, click the File menu button  and then select **Help** > **Submit Product Idea**.

Conventions Used in this Document

This document uses the following conventions:

- Information you type into the software is shown in bold font. For example: Type **Miscellaneous** in the box.
- The names of screens, windows, fields, and other features displayed by the software are shown in **bold font**.
- Names of keys are also shown in bold font. For example: **Enter** or **Tab**. A plus sign (+) between two key names indicates you should press the keys simultaneously.
- The names of buttons you can click are shown in bold font and enclosed in brackets. For example: **[OK]** or **[Post]**.
- Variable names or names that are specific to your installation may appear in italics and brackets. For example: *[Drive]\[Server]*.

Notes, Tips, and Cautions

Note: A Note indicates that the information supplements the adjacent text.

Tip: A Tip indicates helpful points about using the software.

Caution! A Caution indicates important information to help you avoid a loss of critical data.

Important! An Important note indicates critical information that you need to understand or important steps you need to take.

Menu Paths

In this document, menu paths show you the steps required to start a task. Menu paths appear in bold font with square brackets around buttons. For example:

"If the program does not automatically start, click [**Start**] > **Run**."

Chapter 2: Learning Basic Concepts

Used as a standalone application, the CORE Sage Estimating (SQL) is a powerful, flexible tool for estimating all types of construction projects.

You can also purchase the following add-on modules to extend the functionality of Sage Estimating to suit the needs of your business:

- **Crews**
- **Models**
- **Advanced Reporting**, which includes the Comparison Report, the Variance Report, and Custom Reports.
- **eTakeoff**

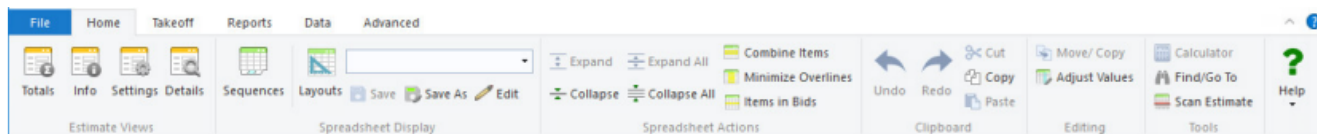
Note: These modules are licensed separately from the CORE Sage Estimating product. Certain capabilities, menus, and icons described in help are available only if you have purchased the associated module. Contact your Sage sales representative for more information about modules and feature bundles.

Sage Estimating Ribbon Layout

Sage Estimating uses a "ribbon" layout instead of a menu layout.

The ribbon menu replaces the "classic view" menu layout found in previous releases. The ribbon layout groups similar tasks on the same tab. For example, tasks related to the estimate spreadsheet, such as those for modifying the spreadsheet layout, are found on the **Home** tab as shown in the following figure.

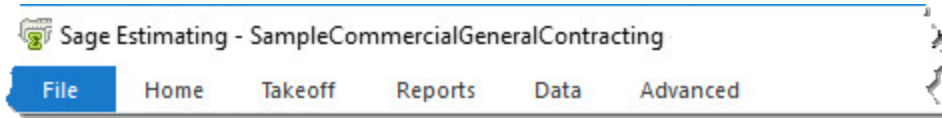
The Ribbon Layout



Tasks are further grouped within each tab according to functionality. Repricing functions, for example, are found in the **Reprice Estimate** group of the **Takeoff** tab.

Double-click any tab on the ribbon (**Home**, **Takeoff**, **Reports**, **Data**, or **Advance**, for example) to collapse the ribbon and save space. The collapsed ribbon appears as shown in the following figure.

Collapsed View of the Ribbon



Ribbon tabs remain visible while the ribbon is collapsed. Hover the cursor over any tab on the collapsed ribbon if you want to view the ribbon contents.

Double-click any tab again to expand the ribbon.

Classic View

If you prefer to use the "classic view" menu rather than the ribbon:

1. Start Sage Estimating.
2. Click **File > Options** on the menu.
3. On the Sage Estimating **Options** window, select the **Use classic menu bar controls** check box.
4. Restart Sage Estimating for your changes to take effect.

Working with the Database and Estimates

Sage Estimating stores your estimating information in three places:

- **Estimate database:** Stores your individual project estimates and security settings. Each estimate contains information for a specific project, such as the projected cost, quantity of material, labor, equipment, subcontractors, and other items.
- **Standard database:** Contains a catalog of information for use with estimates, such as a list of items and assemblies, prices, calculation methods, and conversions. This database functions as a "resource book."

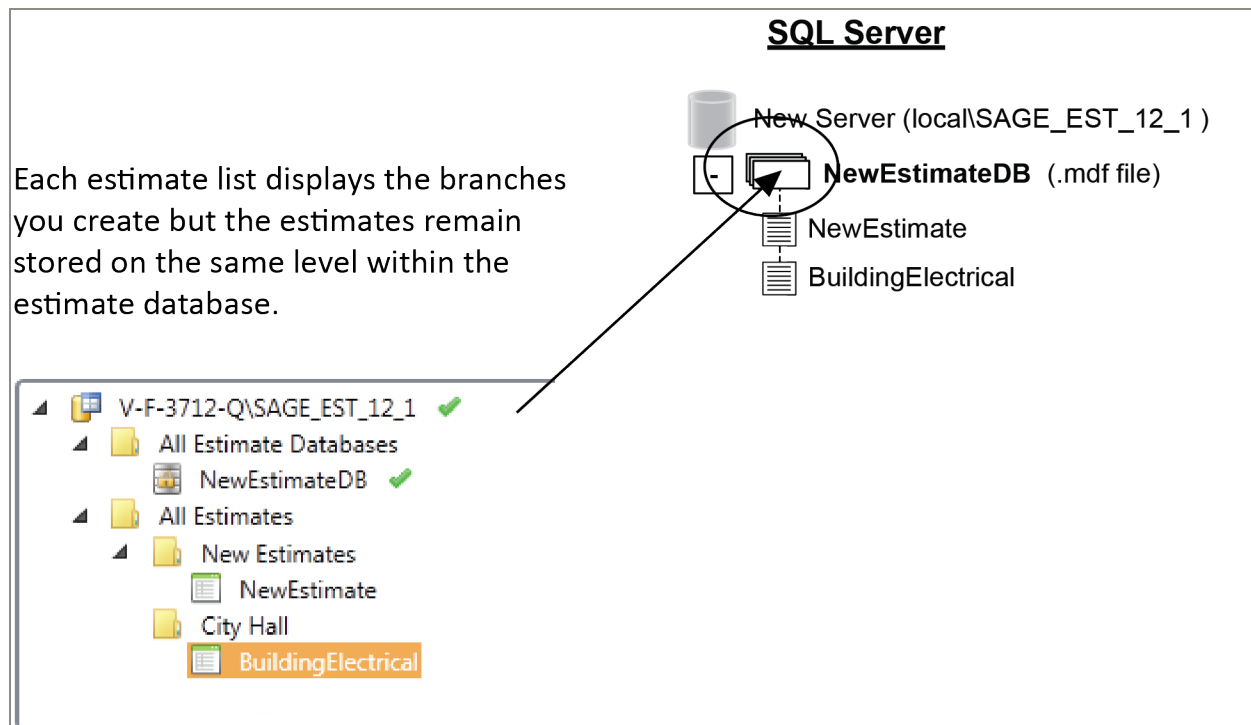
The standard database and estimates are completely separate. If you update the standard database, information in the estimate remains unchanged. Similarly, if you change the estimate, the standard database is not automatically affected. You can update an estimate with price changes made in the standard database (or a standard database with changes made in the estimate) by selecting the **Reprice Estimate** (or **Update Database**) option.

- **Address Book database:** Stores all your contact information for individuals and organizations.

Learning about the Estimate Database

The estimate database stores your estimates. You can organize estimates according to "branches" or tiers. The estimate branches and estimate sub-branches you create are for display purposes only; the structure of your estimate database does not actually change.

Storing Estimates in the Estimate Database



The Estimating Management Console secures the estimate database by enabling record security automatically. You can uninstall the record security if desired. For more information about estimate database record security, see the Estimating Management Console in-product Help.

Learning about Estimates

In essence, the Sage Estimating spreadsheet is the estimate. It presents the items, quantities, and monetary amounts that make up an estimate, in a format designed specifically for estimating. Changes you make to your estimates are saved to the designated estimate database automatically as you work.

Viewing Estimate Information

The spreadsheet window is the primary place where you view estimate information. From there, you can open other windows to see totals for the estimate or the details associated with each item.

In the spreadsheet, you control the placement of columns, whether they are visible, and even what labels appear in the column header. You can also use a spreadsheet layout when you create estimate reports.

The New Layout

	Group	Phase	Phase	Item	Description	Takeoff Quantity	Crew	Labor Productivity
1	1000.000				GENERAL REQUIREMENTS			
2		1300.010			Personnel: Supervision	wk		
3			1300.010	10	Superintendent	10.00 wk		0.025 wk / h
4		1510.010			Utilities: Temporary	mo		
5			1510.010	10	Temp Electricity	10.00 mo		-
6			1510.010	20	Temp Heat	10.00 mo		-
7			1510.010	40	Temp Phone	10.00 mo		-
8			1510.010	60	Temp Water	10.00 mo		-
9			1510.010	80	Temp Toilet	10.00 mo		-
10		1510.020			Utilities: Final	mo		
11			1510.020	10	Final Electricity	10.00 mo		-
12		1520.030			Temp: Office Supplies	ea		
13			1520.030	10	Job Sign	10.00 ea		0.333 ea / h
14		1540.010			Temp: Tools & Equipment	mo		
15			1540.010	10	Tools & Equipment	10.00 mo		0.050 mo / h
16			1540.010		Demolition	160.00 hour		
17	1700.000				DEMOLITION			
18		1720.030			Layout	ls		
19			1720.030	10	Layout (Own Forces)	10.00 ea		0.005 ea / h
20	4000.000				MASONRY			
21		4060.100			Mortar: All Types	cy		

Learning about the Standard Database

The database contains all the standard cost items you use, including item productivity factors, waste factors, and prices. In addition, there are phases for organizing items, formulas for calculating quantities, assemblies for taking off groups of items, subcontractors, crews, work breakdown structures, and markups for adding special costs to the estimate.

Without a standard database, you would have to enter information over and over again for every estimate. But if you set up a standard database, you can enter the information once and find just what you need for each estimate. You can copy information from the standard database into the estimate (a process known as *takeoff*), and enter dimensions and specifications as required.

Accessing the Standard Database from the Estimate

You can quickly access the standard database while you are working on an estimate. This lets you change or add new information to the standard database without closing the estimate. While changes made in the standard database do not affect items that are already in the estimate, the new information appears in the estimate the next time you perform takeoff.

Learning about the Address Book Database

The Address Book database stores contact information, such as address, email, and phone numbers, for individuals and organizations in estimates. You set up your Address Book contacts using the **Address Book** window in Sage Estimating.

Refer to "Using Address Book" (page 41) for more information about creating Address Book contacts.

Chapter 3: Creating a New Estimate

Creating a New Estimate

When you create a new estimate, you specify an estimate name, the associated standard item database (if desired), and an organizational "branch" where you want to display the estimate.

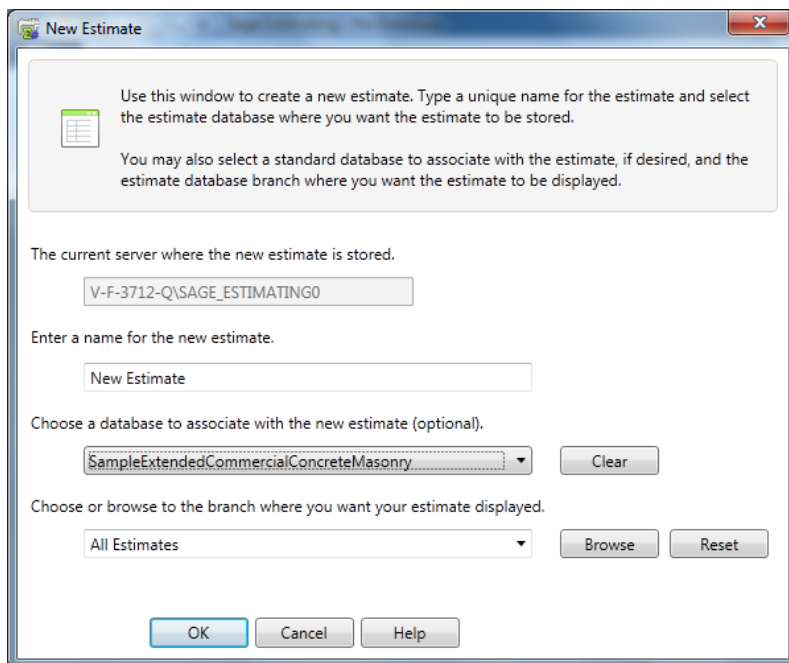
You can create a new estimate from Sage Estimating by clicking **File > New Estimate** or from the Estimating Management Console by clicking **Create New Estimate** on the **Estimate** tab.

Important! Before you create estimates, you must create the estimate database (using the configuration wizard) for storing your estimates.

To create a new estimate:

1. In the Sage Estimating main window, click **File > New Estimate**.

The **New Estimate** window opens.



The screenshot shows the 'New Estimate' dialog box. It contains the following fields and controls:

- Instructions:** A text box at the top stating: 'Use this window to create a new estimate. Type a unique name for the estimate and select the estimate database where you want the estimate to be stored. You may also select a standard database to associate with the estimate, if desired, and the estimate database branch where you want the estimate to be displayed.'
- Server Path:** A text field labeled 'The current server where the new estimate is stored.' containing the path 'V-F-3712-Q\SAGE_ESTIMATING0'.
- Estimate Name:** A text field labeled 'Enter a name for the new estimate.' containing the text 'New Estimate'.
- Database Selection:** A dropdown menu labeled 'Choose a database to associate with the new estimate (optional).' with 'SampleExtendedCommercialConcreteMasonry' selected. A 'Clear' button is to the right.
- Branch Selection:** A dropdown menu labeled 'Choose or browse to the branch where you want your estimate displayed.' with 'All Estimates' selected. 'Browse' and 'Reset' buttons are to the right.
- Buttons:** 'OK', 'Cancel', and 'Help' buttons at the bottom.

2. In the **New Estimate** window, specify the following estimate information:

- a. A name for the new estimate
- b. The standard item database you want to associate with the new estimate, if desired. Sage Estimating opens the selected database automatically whenever you open the estimate.
- c. The branch in the **My Estimates** pane of the Estimating Management Console where you want the estimate displayed.

Estimates are displayed in the Estimating Management Console according to tiers or "branches" that you create. These branches are for organizational purposes only. The structure of your database does not change.

3. Click **[OK]**.

Sage Estimating creates the new estimate, and then opens the **Estimate Information** window.

4. Complete the fields on the tabs of the **Estimate Information** window.

Notes:

- You must either edit or accept the project name displayed in the **Project** field.
- If you want Sage Estimating to calculate the cost per unit for the job in the **Totals** window, you must enter a value in the **Job size** field.

5. When you finish entering information about the estimate, click **[OK]**.

Tip: You can also use the **File** menu to open an existing estimate, create a duplicate of an existing estimate, or merge several existing estimates into one new estimate.

Chapter 4: Performing Takeoff

Performing Takeoff

After you create an estimate, you select items and specify their estimated quantities. You can enter takeoff quantities or have Sage Estimating calculate them for you. When you perform takeoff, Sage Estimating copies everything associated with the selected items into the estimate and calculates their takeoff quantities.

Quick Takeoff

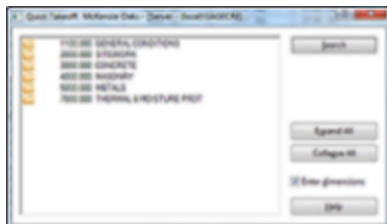
Quick takeoff is a fast, easy way to get items into your estimates. You have the option to specify takeoff quantities before or after items are in the spreadsheet. Once there, you can specify the item quantities by:

- Using the formula attached to each item.
- Using the Sage Estimating or Microsoft Windows calculator.
- Using one value to fill in other quantities.
- Using **Enter Dimensions**.
- Making manual entries.

To perform quick takeoff:

1. In the **Takeoff** group of the **Takeoff** tab, click [**Quick**] to open the **Quick Takeoff** window.

The Quick Takeoff window



2. (Optional) To view the default location, alternate, and WBS code values in the Item Takeoff Settings window:
 - On the ribbon, from the **Takeoff** group on the **Takeoff** tab, click **Default Values**.
 - In classic view, click **View** menu > **Item Takeoff Settings**.

The **Item Takeoff Settings** window appears at the bottom of the screen. Use this window to set a location, alternate, and work breakdown structure (WBS) values for your takeoff items.


3. Select an item and take it off using one of the following methods:
 - Locate the item in the list and then double-click (or drag and drop) the item to take it off.
 - Click **[Search]** to open the **Search** field, in which you can enter search criteria for the item. After you find it, double-click (or drag and drop) the item to take it off.
 - Right-click and select **Sort item list by** then select an option from the drop-down list to organize the list in a different sort order. You can sort by phase/item or description. You can also use a custom sort based on WBS codes. Locate the item in the list and then double-click (or drag and drop) the item to take it off.
4. Take off additional items in the same manner. You can select multiple items in the list.
5. Enter or calculate the item takeoff quantities. To calculate quantities you can:
 - Use the calculator.
 - Use formulas.
 - Manually enter quantities.
6. You can also right-click in the takeoff **Quantity** column to select these additional options:
 - Use **Enter Dimensions**. This option is only available after you use your mouse to select multiple cells in the **Quantity** column.
 - Use **On-Screen Takeoff** (if you have a license for the ePlan On-Screen Takeoff Integrator).



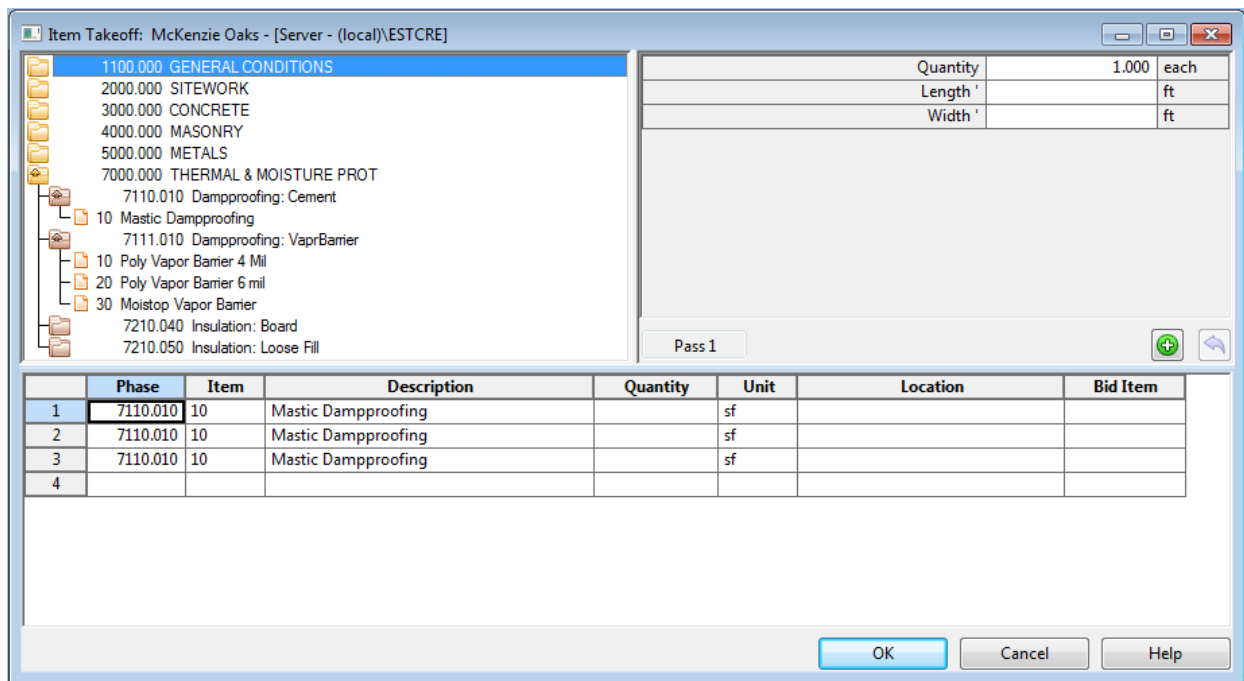
Item Takeoff

Item takeoff is a convenient way to take off groups of items and quickly calculate their takeoff quantities. You can review items and modify them for use in the current estimate before you generate them to the spreadsheet.

To perform item takeoff:

1. Open the Item Takeoff window:
 - On the ribbon, from the **Takeoff** group on the **Takeoff** tab, click **Item**.
 - In classic view, click **Takeoff > Item Takeoff** or click  on the toolbar.

The Item Takeoff window



2. (Optional) To view the default location, alternate, and WBS code values in the Item Takeoff Settings window:

- On the ribbon, from the **Takeoff** group on the **Takeoff** tab, click **Default Values**.
- In classic view, click **View** menu > **Item Takeoff Settings**.

The **Item Takeoff Settings** window appears at the bottom of the screen. Use this window to set a location, alternate, and work breakdown structure (WBS) values for your takeoff items.

3. Select an item and take it off.

4. (Optional) Right-click on the item list and select **Sort item list by** to organize the list in a different sort order. Or select **Search** to find a specific item in the list.

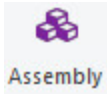
If you have formulas assigned to your takeoff items, Sage Estimating displays the variables (dimensions and specifications) for them in the variable pane.

5. Enter the item takeoff quantities in the takeoff grid.

6. Review the items in the takeoff grid.

If necessary, you can change an item description, change item details, delete an item from the grid, and save the items as an assembly.


7. Click [OK] to generate the items to the spreadsheet.



Assembly Takeoff

You can streamline the takeoff process by taking off assemblies. For example, instead of taking off each item that makes up a standard-sized wall, you can take off an assembly containing all the items needed to construct the wall.

To perform assembly takeoff:


1. Open the **Assembly Takeoff** window:
 - On the ribbon, from the **Takeoff** group on the **Takeoff** tab, click **Assembly**.
 - In classic view, click **Takeoff** > **Assembly Takeoff**, or click  on the toolbar.
2. (Optional) To view the default location, alternate, and WBS code values in the Item Takeoff Settings window:
 - On the ribbon, from the **Takeoff** group on the **Takeoff** tab, click **Default Values**.
 - In classic view, click **View** menu > **Item Takeoff Settings**.

The **Item Takeoff Settings** window appears at the bottom of the screen. Use this window to set a location, alternate, and work breakdown structure (WBS) values for your takeoff items.

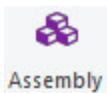
3. Select an assembly, and then take it off.

If you use formulas in your assemblies, Sage Estimating displays the variables (dimensions and specifications) for the assembly in the variable pane.

4. Enter the variable amounts in the variable pane, or enter a takeoff quantity in the takeoff grid.

Note: Click **[Add Pass]**  to calculate quantities for items with formulas.

5. Review the items in the takeoff grid. If necessary, you can change an item description, change item details, add an item to the assembly, delete an item from the grid, or substitute an item in the grid.
6. When you are ready to generate the assembly to the spreadsheet, click **[OK]** in the **Assembly Takeoff** window.




Review Assemblies

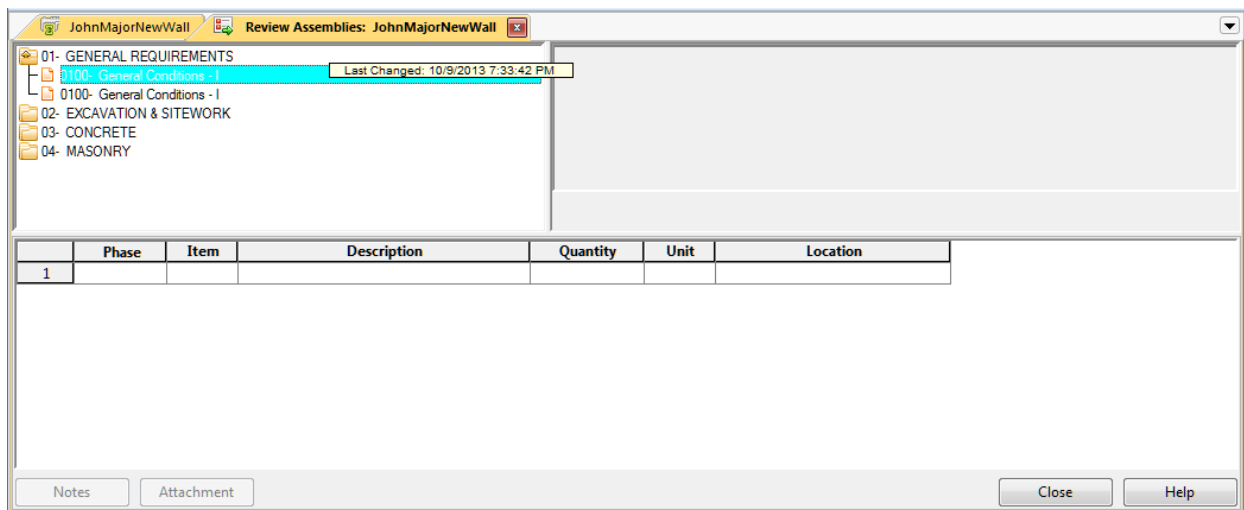
You can review and change assemblies already in the estimate. Sage Estimating tracks all of the passes generated during assembly takeoff and lets you:

- Check the dimensions entered for each pass.
- Change dimensions and make additional passes for the same items.
- Change dimensions and replace existing passes.
- Add or delete items.
- Attach a note to any pass.

To review a pass:


1. Open the **Assembly Takeoff** window:
 - On the ribbon, from the **Takeoff** group on the **Takeoff** tab, click **Assembly**.
 - In classic view, click **Takeoff** > **Assembly Takeoff**, or click  on the toolbar.
2. Right-click in the upper-left pane, and then select **Review Assemblies**.

Reviewing Assemblies from the Assembly Takeoff window



3. Double-click the pass that you want to review.

To revise an existing pass:

1. In the variable pane, change the dimensions in the **Quantity**, **Length**, and **Width** boxes.
2.  Click **[Replace Pass]** to revise the existing pass.

You can also add a pass **[Add Pass]**, add notes to a pass **[Pass Note]**, or undo a pass **[Undo Last Pass]** that has not yet been generated to the spreadsheet.

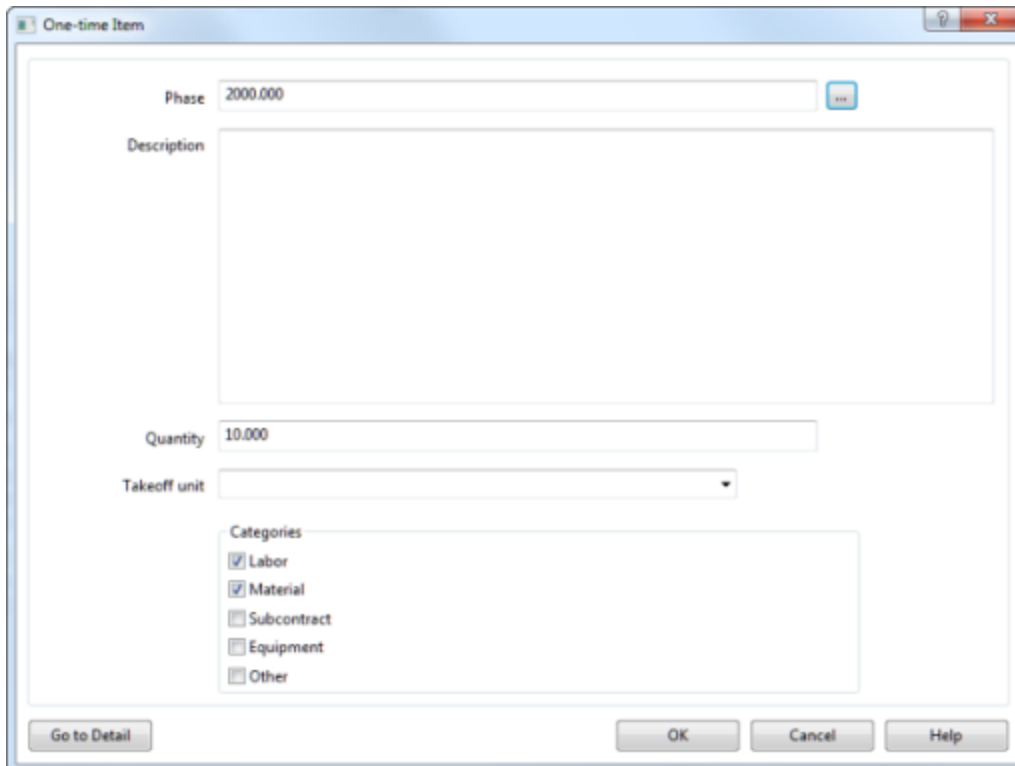
3. Click **[OK]** to send the changes to the spreadsheet.

One-Time Item Takeoff

One-time items are items that do not already exist in your database. They may be unusual items that you want to include in an estimate without first having to set them up in the database.

To perform one-time item takeoff:

1. Open the **One-time Item** window:
 - On the ribbon, from the **Takeoff** group on the **Takeoff** tab, click **One-Time Item**.
 - In classic view, select **Takeoff** menu > **Takeoff Tools** > **One-Time Item**.



The screenshot shows the 'One-time Item' dialog box. It contains the following fields and controls:

- Phase:** A text box containing '2000.000' with a small blue button to its right.
- Description:** A large, empty text area.
- Quantity:** A text box containing '10.000'.
- Takeoff unit:** A dropdown menu.
- Categories:** A list of checkboxes:
 - ☒ Labor
 - ☒ Material
 - ☐ Subcontract
 - ☐ Equipment
 - ☐ Other
- Buttons:** 'Go to Detail', 'OK', 'Cancel', and 'Help' are located at the bottom.

2. Complete the fields in the window.

Note: You must complete the **Phase**, **Description**, and **Takeoff unit** fields to set up a one-time item.

3. (Optional) Click **[Go to Detail]** to enter more information about the item.
4. When you finish setting up the item, click **[OK]** in the **One-time Item** window.

The item appears on the spreadsheet or in the takeoff grid if you are taking off a one-time item from the **Item Takeoff** window.

Hyphens in the **Item** column (----) identify a one-time item in the spreadsheet.

If you did not select **[Go to Detail]** in step 3, you can enter details directly to the item in the spreadsheet.

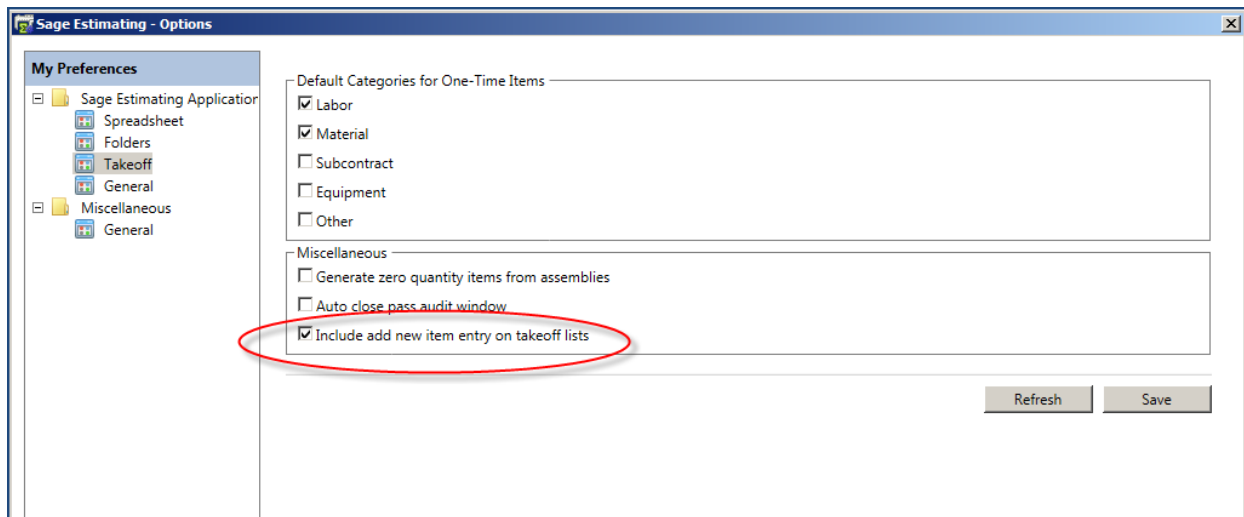
5. Depending on your role (assigned in Estimating Security), you may be able to add one-time items to your database by selecting **[Save One-Time Items]** from the **Update Database** group of the **Database** tab.

Add New One-Time Items


You can add new one-time items to your estimate from quick takeoff, item takeoff, or assembly takeoff, if your settings allow it.

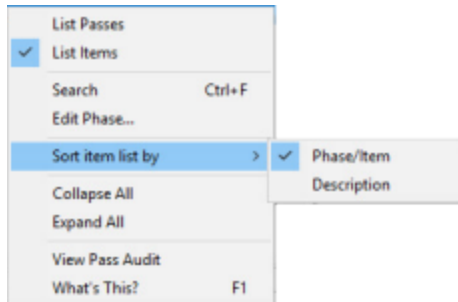
To review your settings:

1. Click the **File > Options**.
2. In the **My Preferences** pane, select **Takeoff**.
3. Select **Include add new item entry on takeoff lists** if it is not already selected.
4. Click **Save**, and then click **Close**.

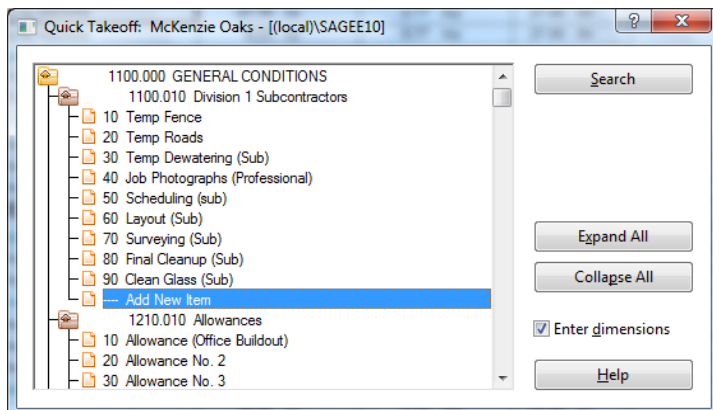


To add new items in Quick Takeoff:

1. Open the **Quick Takeoff** window:
 - On the ribbon, from the **Takeoff** group on the **Takeoff** tab, click **Quick**.
 - In classic view, select **Takeoff** menu > **Quick Takeoff** or click  on the toolbar.
2. In the Quick Takeoff item list, make sure the list is sorted by phase and item.




3. Double-click first the group phase and then the phase where you want the new item to appear.

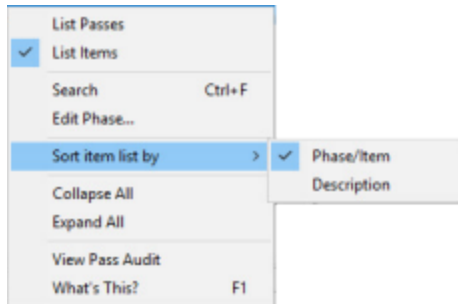


4. Double-click **Add New Item**.

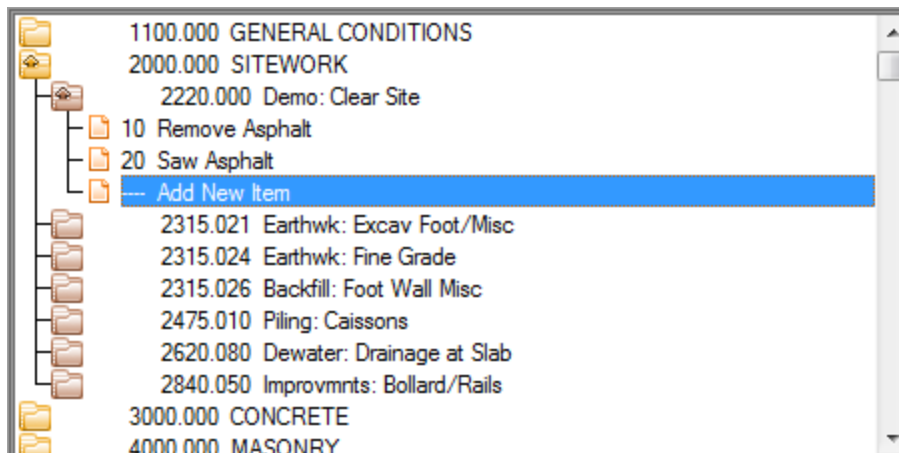
A new row is inserted on the estimate, under the phase you selected.
5. Close the **Quick Takeoff** window.
6. Enter the item information in the new row on the spreadsheet.

To add new items in Item Takeoff:

1. Open the **Item Takeoff** window:
 - On the ribbon, from the **Takeoff** group on the **Takeoff** tab, click **Item**.
 - In classic view, click **Takeoff > Item Takeoff** or click  on the toolbar.
2. In the Item Takeoff item list, make sure the list is sorted by phase and item.

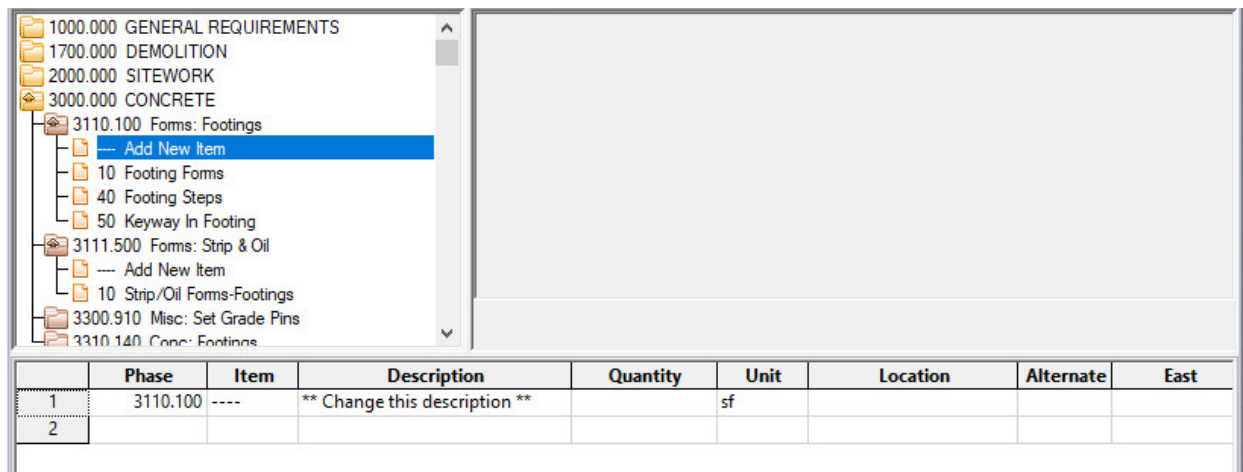


3. Double-click the group phase and then the phase where you want the new item to appear.




4. Double-click **Add New Item**.

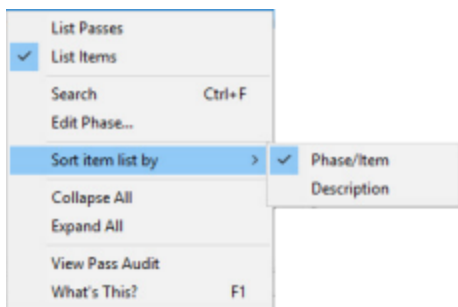
A new row is inserted on the item takeoff grid, where you enter information for the item.



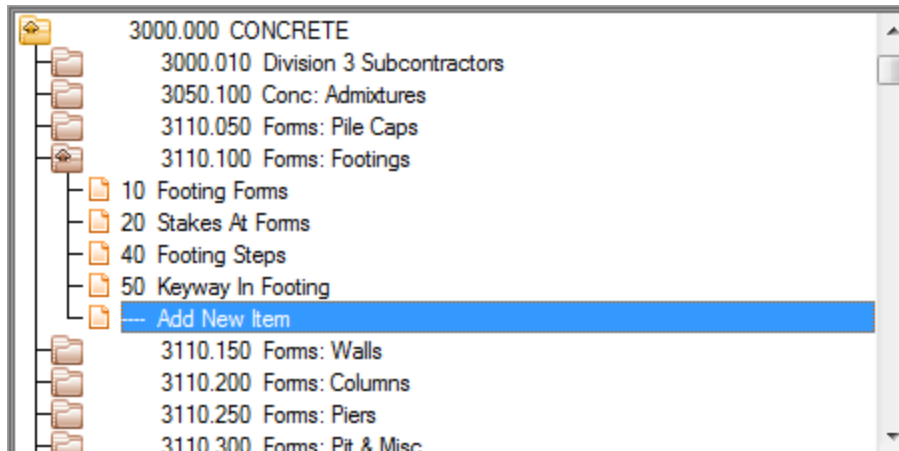
5. Enter the item information in the takeoff grid.
6. Click [OK], and then click [Close] to add the item to your estimate.

To add new items in Assembly Takeoff:

1. Open the **Assembly Takeoff** window.
 - On the ribbon, from the **Takeoff** group on the **Takeoff** tab, click **Assembly**.
 - In classic view, click **Takeoff > Assembly Takeoff**, or click  on the toolbar.
2. Select an assembly, and then take it off.
3. Right-click in the assembly pane, and then:
 - a. Click **List Items**
 - b. Make sure the list is sorted by phase and item.



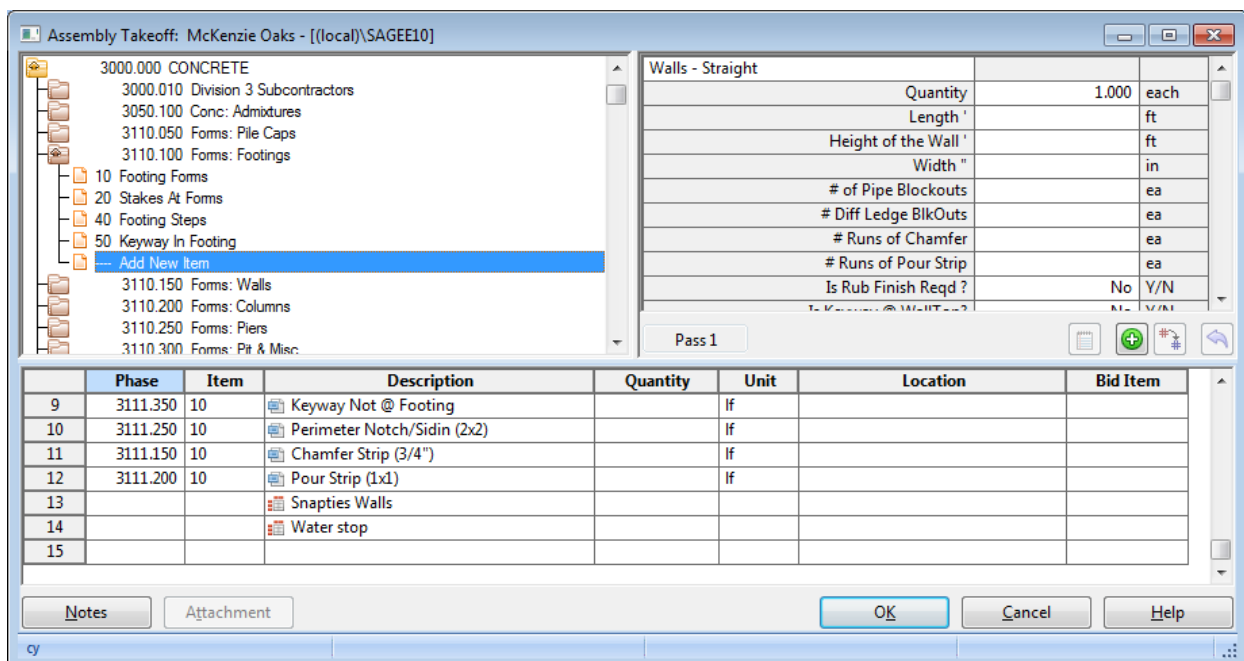
4. In the assembly pane, double-click first the group phase and then the phase where you want to add the new item.



- Double-click **Add New Item**.

A new row appears the assembly grid, where you can enter information about the item.

- Enter information about the new item in the assembly grid.



- When you are ready to generate the assembly to the spreadsheet, click [OK] in the **Assembly Takeoff** window.

Note: If you want to add your new items (which are now one-time items) to your database, you can do so easily by selecting **Save One-Time Items** from the **Update Database** group on the **Data** tab).

Chapter 5: Working with the Spreadsheet

The Spreadsheet Window

The spreadsheet window contains columns with the quantities and category information for all items in the estimate.

The Spreadsheet Window

Sage Estimating - SampleCommercialGeneralContracting - [V-W10-42516-G\SAGE_ESTIMATING]

File Home Takeoff Reports Data Advanced

Totals Info Settings Details Undo Redo Paste Copy Expand Collapse Collapse All Minimize Overlines Sort Sequences Move/ Copy Adjust Values Calculator Help

Views Clipboard Spreadsheet Display Sequence Editing Tools

J. R. Adkins, Inc. McGillicuddy Ltd.

All alternate items, including those excluded from the estimate grand total, are displayed

	Group	Phase	Alternate Status	Alternate Included	Description	Takeoff Quantity	Labor Cost/Unit	Labor Price	Labor Amount	Material Price	Material Amount	Vendor Name	Sub A
1	1000.000				GENERAL REQUIREMEN								
2		1540.010			Temp: Tools & Equipment	m	/m						
3				<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Tools & Equipment	m		20.00 /		##### /mo			
4				<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Tools & Equipment	m		20.00 /		##### /mo			
5	1700.000				DEMOLITION								
6		1740.010			Clean Up	w	/wk						
7				<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Current Cleanup	w		20.00 /		60.00 /wk			
8	2000.000				SITEWORK				80				
9		2315.021			Earthwk: Excav Foot/Misc	c	/cy		80				
10				<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Excavate Footing By Machin	c		20.00 /		-	-		
11					Shape & Grade Footing	400.00 s	0.20 /sf	20.00 /	80				
12	3000.000				CONCRETE				400		492		
13		3110.100			Forms: Footings	s	/sf		160		371		
14			Proposed	<input type="checkbox"/>	Footing-Steps	480.00 e	10.00 /ea	20.00 /	4,800	3.60 /ea	4,780		
15				<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Keyway in Footing	400.00 lf	0.40 /lf	20.00 /	160	0.90 /lf	371		
16		3111.500			Forms: Strip & Oil	s	/sf		160		25		
17				<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Strip/Oil Forms-Footings	320.00 s	0.50 /sf	20.00 /	160	15.00 /gal	25		
18		3300.910			Misc: Set Grade Pins	l	/lf		80		96		
19				<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Set Grade Pins at Footing	400.00 lf	0.20 /lf	20.00 /	80	0.24 /lf	96		
20		3310.440			Concrete Footings	c							

Phase/Item Takeoff Order Assembly Location/Phase/DB 01 /

Grand Total=972 Item Count=8 100%











Output Default Takeoff Values - J. R. Adkins, Inc. Alternate Summary - J. R. Adkins, Inc.

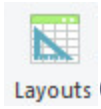
Spreadsheet Window Ribbon

The spreadsheet window provides a "ribbon" above the spreadsheet for easy access to the common commands as described below. For information about accessing these commands using keyboard shortcuts, refer to the appendix.

Note: In this guide, instructions that include these commands often include a picture of the icon as well.

Frequently-Used Spreadsheet Icons

Icon	Command	Purpose
 Expand	Expand	Displays the spreadsheet with one more level of detail.
 Collapse	Collapse	Displays the spreadsheet with one less level of detail.
 Layouts	Layout	Lets you create, modify, delete, or apply a custom layout to the spreadsheet.
 Quick	Quick	Perform takeoff directly from the item list. Available only when a database is open.
 Item	Item	Opens the Item Takeoff window, in which you choose the items and specify their takeoff quantities. Available only when a database is open.
 Assembly	Assembly	Opens the Assembly Takeoff window, in which you choose an assembly and specify the takeoff quantities for its items. Available only when a database is open.
 One-Time Item	One-time Item	Creates a one-time item for the current estimate. You enter the phase, description, takeoff quantity, unit, and categories.
 Combine Items	Combine	Lets you combine matching items in the spreadsheet.
 Scan Estimate	Scan Estimate	Lets you find incomplete items in the spreadsheet.
 ?	What's This?	Displays Help for a button, command, or window.





Changing the Appearance of the Spreadsheet

The spreadsheet includes over 100 columns of information. Sage Estimating makes it easy for you to adjust the appearance of the spreadsheet to suit your needs.

You decide:

- Which columns are visible and where they are positioned.
- What names appear as column headers and how wide each column is.
- Whether you want to organize items by phase, location, takeoff order, assembly, or a customized spreadsheet sequence.
- Whether to share the layout with all Estimating users, or keep it for your exclusive use.
- How many levels of detail you want to see.
- What fonts and colors are used for text and numbers.
- In addition, you can set up an unlimited number of layouts. For example, you can design a labor-only layout or a material-only layout.

To set up a spreadsheet layout:

1. Open the **Edit Spreadsheet Layouts** window:
 - On the ribbon, from the **Spreadsheet Display** group on the **Home** tab, click **Layouts**.
 - In classic view, click **View > Spreadsheet Layout**, or click  on the toolbar.
 2. Click **[Add]** to open the **Edit Spreadsheet Layout Details** window, and then:
 - a. In the **Layout name** box, type a name for the new spreadsheet layout.
 - b. Set options for the layout.
 - To change the order of the spreadsheet columns, select the row for the column you want to move, and then drag it up or down to a new location, or use the **Reposition column** buttons to move the selected row.
 - To make a column visible, select the check box in the **Visible** column, or clear the check box to hide the column.
 - Use the formatting options (**Width**, **Background color**, **Font**, **Override level font**, **Number of decimals**, **Negative numbers in red**, and **Wrap text**) to customize the visible spreadsheet lines.
- To change the background color or font for a column, click the Background color or Font ellipsis  button

for the corresponding column label.


You can also set the width, background color, and visibility separately for spreadsheet grouping columns.

- c. Close the **Edit Spreadsheet Layout Details** window.

Sage Estimating creates the new layout with default column properties and fonts, and a row for the new layout appears on the grid in the **Spreadsheet Layouts** window. Blue text indicates that the layout is new. A pink background indicates that there is a problem with the layout.

3. In the grid, on the line for the new layout:
 - If you want to share this layout with others, select the **Shared** check box for this layout.
 - If you want to enter a comment for the layout (for example, to suggest when to use this layout), click in the **Comment** box, and then type a comment using up to 50 characters.
 - If you want to use this layout as the default for new sequences, select the **Default** check box.
4. Click **[OK]** to close the **Edit Spreadsheet Layout Details** window.

Tip: To apply a defined layout to the spreadsheet:

- On the ribbon, select the **Home** tab, and then from the dropdown list in the **Spreadsheet Display** group, select the layout you want to use for the estimate.
- In classic view, click , and then select the layout from the Spreadsheet Layouts window.

Changing Item Prices and Quantities

As you work on an estimate, you can change prices and quantities to reflect the latest information. For example, you can enter quotes for materials.

To change prices and quantities:

1. On the spreadsheet, click the appropriate category **Price** cell for the item. For example, to enter a quote for an item's material price, click the **Material Price** cell.
2. Enter the new price.
3. If other items in the spreadsheet are linked to this item, the following question appears: **Would you like to update prices for linked items?**
 - Click **[Yes]** to change the prices of linked items too.
 - Click **[No]** to change the price of this item only.
4. If the spreadsheet contains duplicates of this item, the following question appears: **Would you like to update prices for duplicate items?**

- Click **[Yes]** to change the prices of duplicate items too.
- Click **[No]** to change the price of this item only.

Finding Incomplete Items

To make sure your estimate is complete, you can scan it for missing takeoff quantities, prices, amounts, or subcontractor names (if an item has a subcontract amount).

To scan for incomplete items:

1. Position the cursor anywhere on the spreadsheet, and then do one of the following:
 - On the **Home** tab, from the **Tools** group, click **[Scan Estimate]**.
 - If you are using classic view, click **Pricing > Scan**, or click the scan button on the toolbar.
2. Sage Estimating stops at the first cell that is empty or contains a zero.
3. Fill in the missing quantity, amount, price, or subcontractor name. If you need to do more research before you supply a value, leave the cell blank for now.
4. Repeat step 3 until no more incomplete entries are found.

When Sage Estimating reaches the bottom of the spreadsheet, it resumes scanning from the beginning of the spreadsheet.

The Detail Window

The **Detail** window lets you view the information about a row in the estimate spreadsheet or takeoff grid. This window contains information about the selected spreadsheet row as specified for the estimate. Sage Estimating saves your entries when you click **[OK]**. Changes you make are saved with the estimate and do not affect the database.

To open the Detail window:

1. Do one of the following:
 - On the **Home** tab, from the **Estimate Views** group, click **Details**.
 - In classic view, click **View** menu > **Detail Window**.
 - Right-click a cell, and then select **Detail Window** or press **CTRL + D** on the keyboard.

Editing Item Details


Convert	Order Qty	Unit Price	Amount
Labor	0.518 hrs		14.00
Material			
contract			
quipment			
Other			

Name	Description
Crew	
Labor Rate Table	
Equipment Rate Table	

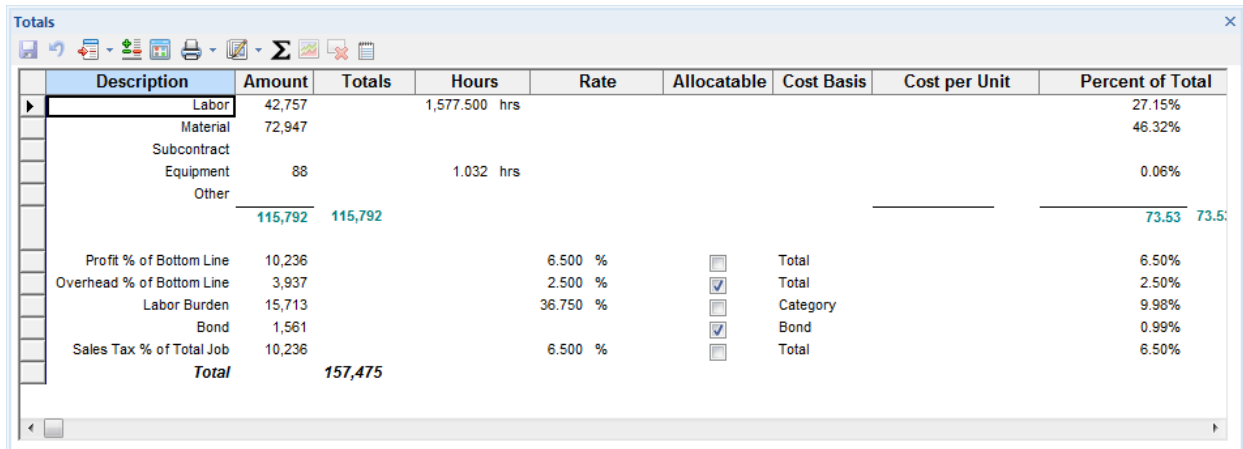
The Totals Window

The **Totals** window shows a summary of the cost category and estimate totals. It also lets you include addon costs (markups) in the estimate.

To open the Totals window:

1. Do one of the following:
 - On the ribbon, from the **Estimate Views** group on the **Home** tab, click **Totals**.
 - In classic view, click **Takeoff** menu > **Estimate Totals**, or click  on the toolbar.

The **Totals** window opens. You can see the totals for each cost category, markup, and subtotal along with the total cost of the estimate.



Description	Amount	Totals	Hours	Rate	Allocatable	Cost Basis	Cost per Unit	Percent of Total
Labor	42,757		1,577.500 hrs					27.15%
Material	72,947							46.32%
Subcontract								
Equipment	88		1.032 hrs					0.06%
Other								
	115,792	115,792						73.53 73.53%
Profit % of Bottom Line	10,236			6.500 %	<input type="checkbox"/>	Total		6.50%
Overhead % of Bottom Line	3,937			2.500 %	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Total		2.50%
Labor Burden	15,713			36.750 %	<input type="checkbox"/>	Category		9.98%
Bond	1,561				<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Bond		0.99%
Sales Tax % of Total Job	10,236			6.500 %	<input type="checkbox"/>	Total		6.50%
Total		157,475						

2.  To print the totals, click the print icon on the toolbar.

Note: If the toolbar does not appear, click [Show Toolbar].

Formatting the Totals Window

You can format the **Totals** window to change its visual appearance. You can also hide fields to prevent them from printing on reports. Any layout changes you make to the window print on your report if the option to print totals is selected on your report.

To format a column in the Totals window:

1. With the **Totals** window open, right-click a column heading, and then select **Format Column**.

The **Format Column** window appears.

2. Make changes to the column. You can change the:

- Column name
- Column width
- Alignment
- Number of decimals
- Background color
- Font

3. Click [OK] to save your column changes.

Notes: You can also format rows or individual cells.

- To format a row, right-click on the row header, and then select **Format [row name] Rows**.
- To format a cell, right-click in the cell, and then select **Format Cell**.

To hide a column on the Totals window:

Note: Hiding columns prevents them from showing up on reports, but does not remove the amounts from the totals.

1. With the **Totals** window open, right-click on a column heading, and then select **Hide On Reports**.
2. If you receive a warning that hidden numbers may cause some totals to appear incorrect, click **[OK]**. (This does not mean the numbers are incorrect, only that they may appear to be, because numbers that are used in the total calculation are not visible.)
3. Click **[OK]**.

Notes: You can also hide rows or individual cells.


- To hide a row, right-click on the row header and select **Hide on Reports**.
- To hide a cell, right-click in the cell and then select **Hide on Reports**.

To insert addons in the Totals window:

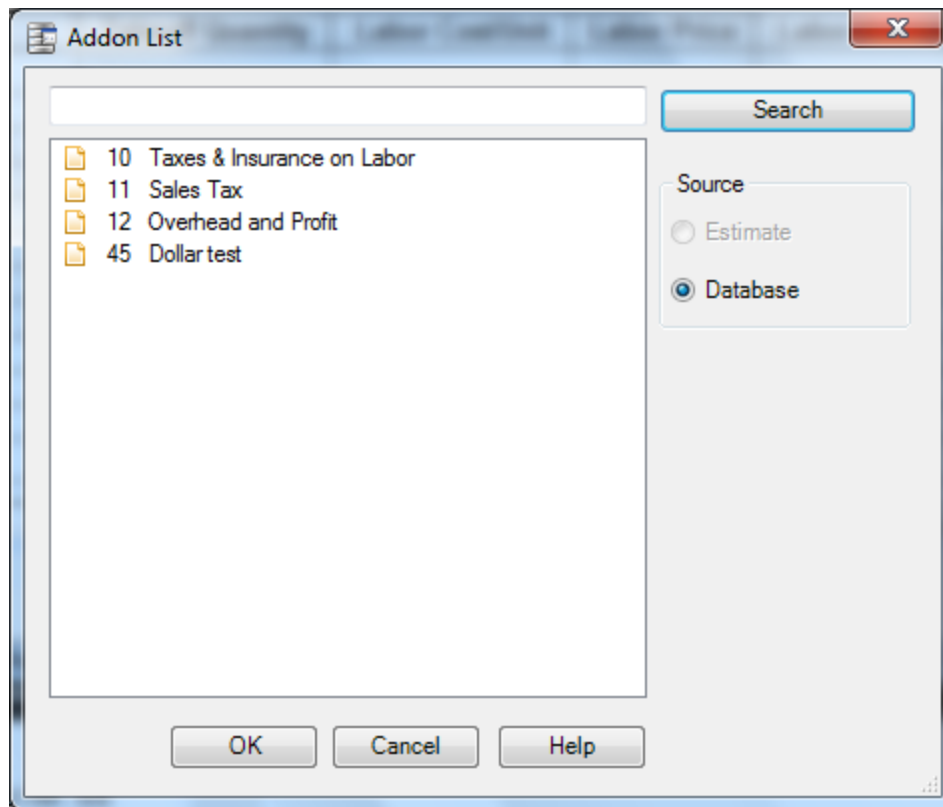
Addons represent the additional cost or markup that contractors add to their estimates. It is cost over and above the actual cost to contractors and represents their indirect costs and budgeted profit. Types of addons include overhead, taxes, profit, and other costs.

You can choose addons for the estimate before or after takeoff. Some estimators like to set them up before takeoff so that they can see how the overall estimate is shaping up as they work.

Where you insert each addon determines which estimate costs are used to calculate the addon amount. An addon should come after the subtotals and addons you want to include. This is especially important for addons based on subtotals.

1. Click the row header where you want to create the addon.
2.  Click **[Insert Addon]**.

The Addon List window appears.



3. Double-click the addon to select it.

Note: You can select multiple addons if necessary.

4. When finished, click [**Close**].
5. Click [**OK**].

To insert subtotals:


Where you insert a subtotal determines which estimate and addon costs it includes. Each subtotal is the sum of the previous subtotal (if any) and the amounts between it and the previous subtotal.


Example: If the previous subtotal was \$200 and a total of \$100 appears between it and the next subtotal line, the next subtotal amount is \$300.

1. Right-click the row header where you want the subtotal to appear.
2. Select **Insert Subtotal**.
3. (optional) Type a description in the **Description** column.

Creating Totals Page Templates

Changes you make to the **Totals** window are stored with the estimate. You can also save the **Totals** window format to the database as a template so that it is available to use on other estimates.

1. On the **Totals** window toolbar, click  [Templates] > **Save As Totals Page Template**.
2. In the **Template name** box, type the name for this template.
3. If you want to use this template for all new estimates, click the **Use this totals page template for new estimates** check box.
4. Click [OK].

Note: To revert to the system default template, click  [Templates] > **Use System Default Totals Page**.

Docking the Totals window

Docking and positioning the **Totals** window within Estimate window makes it easier to work in both areas at the same time.

To select a docking option, "grab" the **Totals** window toolbar, and then reposition it.

- You can position the window so that it "floats" on top of an estimate by dropping it at any location in the main window.

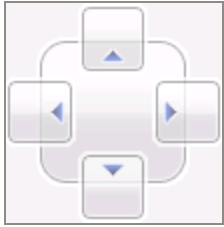
If you have multiple estimates open, the window shows the data of the active estimate. To float the window, drag it over the estimate, or double-click the title bar of the window when it is docked.

- When you dock a window to either side of the estimate, you can resize the window and use the arrow keys in the window to move right and left through the columns.

You can resize the window while it is floating.

- When you open the window, it appears the same as it was when you last used it, including whether you had the toolbar showing or not.
- You can "dock" the window to the left, right, top, or bottom of the main window by moving it over one of the corresponding arrows at the edge of the main window—or in the bulls eye at the center—and releasing.

The Window Docking "Bulls Eye"



Chapter 6: Printing Estimate Reports

You can print an estimate report on paper, preview it on your screen, or export it to a PDF file, an Excel file, or an ASCII text file. The printing procedure is similar no matter which report you choose to print.

You can also set up customized cover pages, headers, footers, and a signature block for each estimate report. Once you have a presentation you like, you can save it to a named layout for printing that report in the future.

To print an estimate report:

1. Open an estimate. (You must have an estimate open because the report information comes from the current estimate.)
2. Do one of the following:
 - On the ribbon, select the **Reports** tab, and then from the **Estimate Reports** group, click the report you want to print.

In classic view, select **Reports** menu, and then select the report you want to print.

3. In the report window, click **[Print]**, **[Preview]**, or **[Export]** to print, preview, or export the selected report.
4. (Optional) If you want to customize the report:
 - a. From the report window, click **[Report Options]** to open the **Report Options** window.

Standard Estimate Report Options: McKenzie Oaks - [Server - (local)\SAGEE10]

Report Layout: [Dropdown]

Report Options | Sort | Range | Font | Page Setup

Categories to Print	
Unit cost	Total
Labor <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Material <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Subcontract <input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Equipment <input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Other <input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Total <input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

☐ Allocate addons
☐ Round unit prices
☐ Combine items
☐ Print item notes
☐ Round quantities
☒ Print cover page
☐ Print signature block
☒ Print estimate totals
☒ New page for totals
☐ Print totals notes
☐ Print subcategory totals

☐ Print notes for all sort levels
☒ Shaded headings
☒ Show level separator lines

Printer: TS PDF Generator

Print
Preview
Export...
Edit Hdr/Ftr...
Printer Setup...
Manage Layouts
Save Layout

Close Help

- b. In the **Report Options** window, you can select which records print, sort the report information, change the fonts or colors, change the page setup, set up headers and footers, or set up a signature block.

Note: For the **Spreadsheet** report, you can click **[Prefill from Spreadsheet]** to change the report options to match the current layout of the spreadsheet. This is an easy way to get a printout that looks the same as the spreadsheet on the screen. If you prefer a different layout for the report, you can change the spreadsheet layout before you print.

- c. When you save your layout, choose whether to save it as **Personal** (for your exclusive use) or as **Shared** (making it available to all Estimating users).
5. (Optional) To check the appearance of the report before you print it, click **[Preview]**.
6. (Optional) To save your changes for the future, click **[Save Layout]** and give the layout a name. You can select this layout name in the future to use these changes. If you have permissions, you can also share the layout with other Sage Estimating operators.
7. Click **[Print]** to print the report from the **Report Options** window.

To save a report as a file:

1. In the report window, click **[Export]**.
2. In the **Export Report File** window, select the drive or directory in which you want to save the report. Then enter a name for the report in the **File Name** field.
3. In the **Save as type** field, choose a file format. Your choices are:
 - Portable Document Format (*.pdf)
 - Microsoft Excel Workbook (*.xls)
 - Microsoft Excel XML (*.xml)
 - Comma Separated Values (*.csv)
 - Tab Separated Values (*.tsv)
 - Text Files (*.txt)
4. Click **[Save]**.

To preview a report:

1. From the **Reports** group of the **Home** tab, select the report you want to preview.
2. Click **[Preview]**.
3. In the preview window, use the buttons at the top of the window to adjust the display.

Button	Action
[Print]	Starts printing the report.
[Next Page]	Previews the next page.
[Prev Page]	Previews the previous page.
[One Page]	Shows one page at a time.
[Two Page]	Shows two pages at a time.
[Zoom In]	Makes the pages larger.
[Zoom Out]	Makes the pages smaller.
[Close]	Returns to the previous window.

Chapter 7: Using Address Book

The Address Book is a database of company and personnel contact information. Contacts for Sage Estimating include the subcontractors, clients, engineers, and architects you work with, as well as your own company information.

The Address Book is available in Sage Estimating wherever you need contact information. For example, when you need to assign a subcontractor or a vendor to an item, you can open the Address Book contact selection list from the estimate and select the subcontractor you want to use.

You can perform the following Address Book functions from Sage Estimating:

- Create or edit a company or person contact.
- Select a company.
- Select the client's company (in the estimate settings).
- Select the architect's company (in the estimate settings).
- Select the engineer's company (in the estimate settings).
- Select the default subcontractor or vendor for a material class (**Material Class** window).

Sage Estimating allows only one Address Book database. If you have multiple existing Address Book databases, combine all your contacts into one database before you migrate your Address Book data using the Estimating Management Console. See the *Installation and Administration Guide* for data migration instructions.

If you do not have existing Address Book data, create a new Address Book database as outlined in the following section.

Creating an Address Book Database

The Sage Estimating installer creates a new Address Book database for you when you install Sage Estimating. Sage Estimating allows you to use only one Address Book database at a time. However, you can migrate existing Address Book databases and select any of them to be the active Address Book database.

You must have at least one active Address Book database. If you inadvertently delete your only Address Book database, the Configuration wizard detects and creates a new one the next time you start Sage Estimating or the Estimating Management Console.

Editing a Contact List

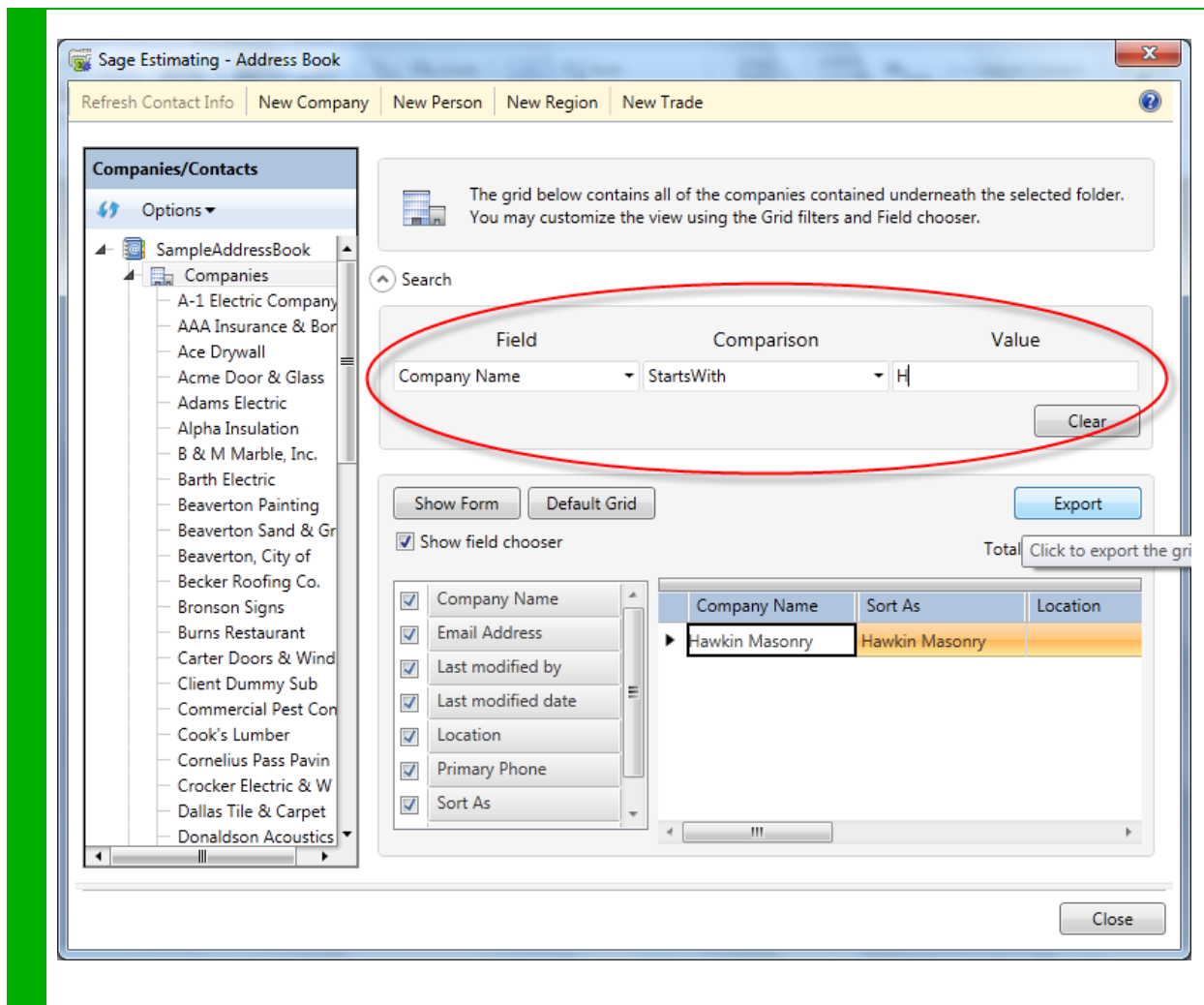
You can edit any of the contact lists in an Address Book database, including **Companies**, **People**, **Regions**, or **Trades**. You can either add a new contact or delete or edit an existing one.

To edit contacts in an Address Book database

1. In Sage Estimating, click **File > Address Book**.
2. In the **Companies/Contacts** pane:
 - a. Click the Address Book database to expand the list of contact types.
 - b. Select the contact type (**Companies**, **People**, **Regions**, or **Trades**) that you want to edit .
 - c. Locate and then ;select the contact you want to edit from the list.

Tip: You can select a contact type from the list, and then use the search options in the right-hand pane to locate a specific company or contact.

Example: Click **Companies**, and then select **Field=Company Name**, **Comparison=StartsWith**, and **Value="H"** to see a list of all company names in the selected Address Book database that begin with the letter H.



3. Edit the contact information as desired.
4. Click **[Save]** to save your changes.

To add contacts to an Address Book database:

1. From Sage Estimating, click **File > Address Book**.
2. Click the Address Book database in the **Companies/Contacts** pane to expand the list of contact types.
3. At the top of the **Address Book** window, click **[New Company]**, **[New Person]**, **[New Region]**, or **[New Trade]** to create the new contact.
4. Type the contact information in the right-hand pane.
5. Click **[Save]** to save the new contact information.

Chapter 8: Advanced Features

Used as a standalone application, the CORE Sage Estimating (SQL) is a powerful, flexible tool for estimating all types of construction projects.

You can also purchase the following add-on modules to extend the functionality of Sage Estimating to suit the needs of your business:

- **Crews**
- **Models**
- **Advanced Reporting**, which includes the Comparison Report, the Variance Report, and Custom Reports.
- **eTakeoff**

Note: These modules are licensed separately from the CORE Sage Estimating product. Certain capabilities, menus, and icons described in help are available only if you have purchased the associated module. Contact your Sage sales representative for more information about modules and feature bundles.

Sage Estimating offers several advanced features, including

- WBS (work breakdown structure) codes
- Crews (requires a separate license)
- Customizable Spreadsheet Sequences
- Subcontractor Bid Grids
- Adjust Spreadsheet Columns
- Model Takeoff (requires a separate license)
- Move/Copy Items

Using WBS Codes

Sage Estimating lets you define as many as forty work breakdown structure (WBS) codes to provide custom spreadsheet and report sequences. You can use WBS codes to sort estimate items based on a scheme of your own. For example, you might want to list items by estimator, department, or bid item.

Within each WBS, you create numerous WBS values and assign them to items. After you set up a WBS code and its values, you can assign it to items at takeoff or enter it in the WBS column for items already in the

spreadsheet. For example, you can set up a WBS code called **Bid Item** and create multiple values for the code, such as door or window installation. During item or assembly takeoff, **Bid Item** appears in the takeoff grid and the values appear in a drop-down list from which you can choose the one you need.

To set up WBS codes:

1. On the Data tab, from the **Codes** group, click **[WBS.]**

Database Settings

Miscellaneous Crew Pricing **WBS** Item Sorting

WBS Code	Name	Size	Type	Unit
1	DB 01	20	Detail	
2	DB 02	20	Detail	
3	DB 03	20	Detail	
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				
11				
12				
13				
14				
15				
16				
17				
18				
19				
20				
21				
22				

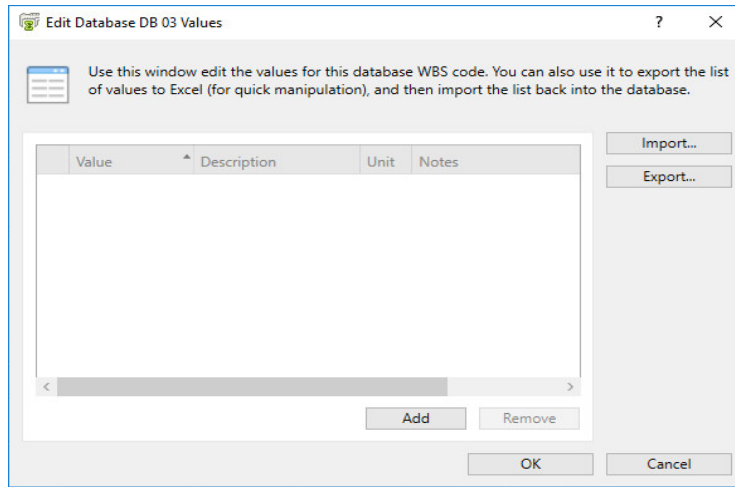
Delete Move Clear All

☐ Estimate ☒ Database

Close Help

2. In the **Database Settings** window, on the **WBS** tab, enter the information for each type of WBS code you want to create.

- a. In the grid, right-click a cell, and then select **Edit <WBS Code> Values** from the menu.



- b. In the **Edit Database WBS Value** window, for each value you want to add for this WBS value:
- Click **[Add]** to insert a new value row.
 - Fill in the fields for the selected value.

Note: You must complete the **Value** fields to add a new WBS value.

3. Click **[OK]**.

Tip: If you or another user has exported values for this WBS code to an Excel file for another database, you can use the **[Import]** button to import those values to the current standard database. Similarly, if you anticipate reusing the same WBS values in another database, use the **[Export]** button to export the values to an Excel file.

Including the Cost of Crews

Note: This feature is available only if you have a license to use Crews.

Crews provide a convenient way to group multiple resources required to construct a standard item so that you do not have to add the resources to estimates one at a time.

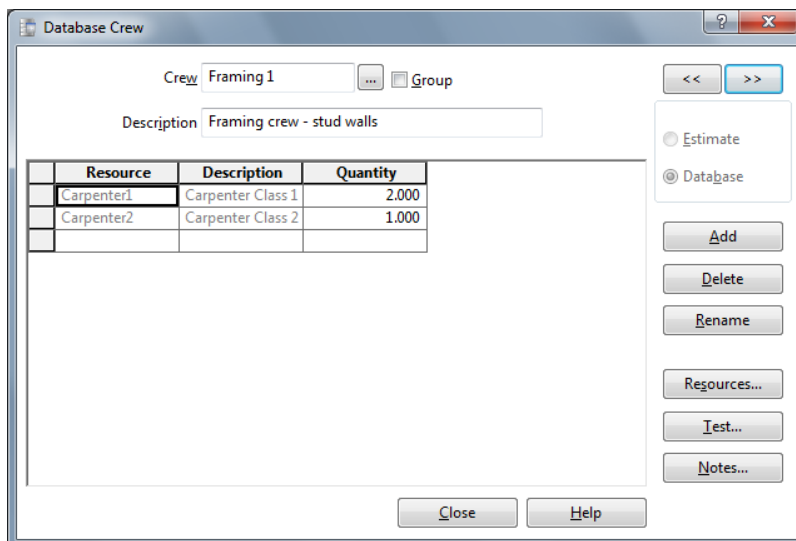
When defining crews for a Sage Estimating database, you include the cost of labor and equipment in item prices. Rate tables provide the hourly rates and benefits for each resource used by your crews. You can set up special rate tables to handle local labor rates or overtime pay scales.

For example, a framing crew might consist of two labor resources—a lead carpenter and an apprentice carpenter—each with different hourly wages and benefits stored in a rate table. You assign this crew to your

2x6 stud items and Sage Estimating then includes the cost of that crew when calculating the item price. In the spreadsheet, 2x6 stud items display item prices that include crew costs. Depending on your database settings, the included crew costs are based on the average cost for each person in the crew or on the total cost of the crew.

To set up resources and crews:

1. Open the **Database Crew** window:
 - On the ribbon, from the **Crews** group on the **Data** tab, click **Crews**.
 - In classic view, click **Database** menu > **Crews** > **Crews**.
 - From the spreadsheet, right-click a crew, and then select **Edit Crew** from the [shortcut menu](#).




2. Click **[Add]** to create a new crew.
3. Enter a name and description for the crew.
4. To add existing resources to the crew, click **[Resources]**, and then select the labor and equipment resources that you want to add.
5. To add new resources, right-click in the crew resource grid and select **Create Resource**.
6. Click **[OK]**.

Crews and Items

Note: This feature is available only if you have a license to use Crews.

You can set up items with a default crew that comes into the estimate at takeoff, or you can specify crews as you build an estimate. Any changes you make to a crew in the spreadsheet become part of that estimate but have no effect on the standard database.

To assign crews to items in the estimate:

1. Open the **Spreadsheet Layouts** window in one of the following ways:
 - On the ribbon, from the **Spreadsheet Display** group on the **Home** tab, click **Layouts**.
 - In classic view, click **View > Spreadsheet Layout**, or click  on the toolbar.
2. In the **Spreadsheet Layouts** window, select the current layout and then click **[Edit]**.
3. In the **Visible** column, select the **Crew** check box.
4. Click **[OK]** twice.

Note: To assign the crew to multiple items, use the **Fill Down** feature.

Rate Tables

Sage Estimating lets you specify the rate tables at the standard database, estimate, and item levels. Although most items in an estimate typically use the same labor and equipment rate tables, you can apply a different table to individual items. You can also make changes to an existing rate table in the standard database and then recalculate crew costs in an estimate.

To specify a default rate table for an estimate:

1. On the ribbon, from the **Views** group on the **Home** tab click **[Info]**.
If you are using classic view, click **Takeoff > Estimate Information**.
2. Under **Crew Information**, use the buttons beside the **Labor rate table** and **Equipment rate table** fields to select

tables from the Rate Table lists.

Sage Estimating - Estimate Information

McGillicuddy Ltd.
Use this form to enter cover page, address book, and job cost information.

Notes:

☐ Transfer crew units as man hours

Expand All Collapse All

^ Your Company Information

Company name: Clear Edit

^ Crew Information

Price crew method: Total

Report hour type: Man

Labor rate table: ... Clear

Equipment rate table: ... Clear

Spreadsheet Sequences

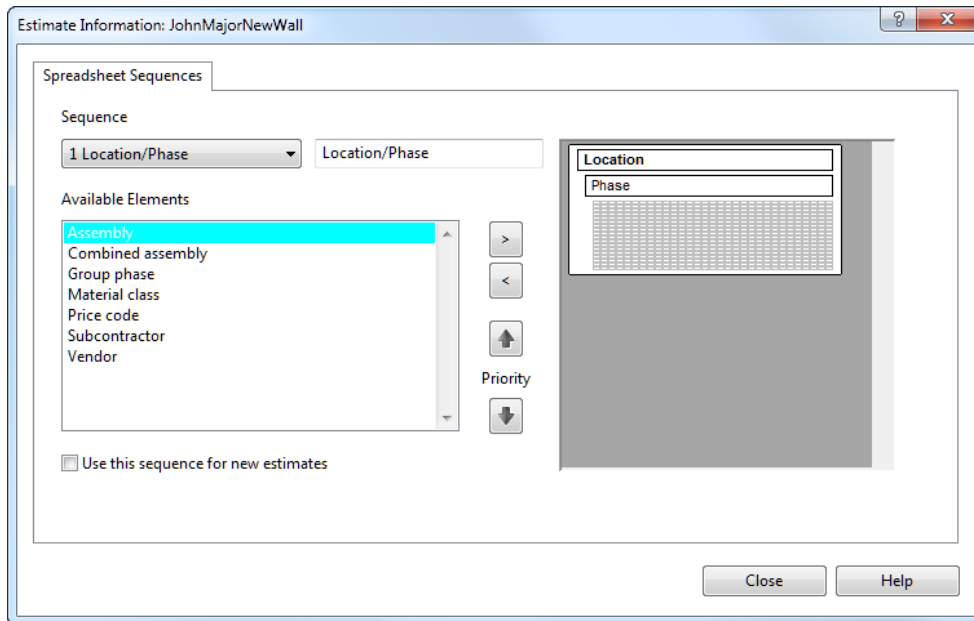
Sage Estimating lets you organize items in the spreadsheet to suit your specific needs. You can define four additional spreadsheet sequences with as many as ten sort levels each.

After you define them, the sequences appear as tabs at the bottom of the spreadsheet. You can also display the descriptions of the sort levels in the **Spreadsheet Level** column. Sort levels also appear when you print reports, move or copy items, and use the **Find/Goto** command.

As you work, you can change the sequences and sort levels at any time. You can use your favorite sequence as the default for all new estimates that you create.

To define a spreadsheet sequence and specify the sort levels:

1. Open the **Sort Sequences** window:
 - On the ribbon, from the **Spreadsheet Display** group on the **Home** tab, click **Sequences**.
 - In classic view, click **View > Spreadsheet Sequences**.
 - On the spreadsheet, right-click the sequence tab, and then click **Edit Layout** on the shortcut menu.
2. Click the **Spreadsheet Sequences** tab.



3. In the **Sequence** box, select a sequence number from the list, and then select a sequence element from the **Available Elements** list.

Tip: To see all sequence levels in a single column, use the **Minimized Overlines** option on the **View** tab (or **View** menu in classic view) .

4. (optional) In the box to the right of the **Sequence** box, type a brief description of the sequence.

If you leave the description box blank, Sage Estimating creates a description based on the sort levels you select.

Example: If you select the **Assembly**, **Subcontractor**, and **Vendor** sort levels, the Sage Estimating creates a description of **Assembly/Subcontractor/Vendor**.

5. To add and remove the selected sort levels and to move sort levels up and down, use the buttons in the **Available Elements** area.
6. When you finish defining sequences, click **[OK]** .

Subcontractor Bids

You can enter bids submitted by various subcontractors for a group of items. After you compare the bids, you can specify the bid that you want to use for the estimate.

To enter subcontractor bids:

1. In the **Sub Amount** column, select the items in the estimate covered by the bid.
2. Right-click and select **Open Bid Grid**.

Sub Name	Bid Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
self-perform	40.000 ea	28.00 /ea	1,120
✓ Ford Metals, Inc.	40.000 ea	/ea	

3. Use the default name for the bid grid, or enter a more descriptive name of your own.
4. For each bid, enter the subcontractor's name and bid amount. Optionally, you can enter the bid quantity and unit cost to have the bid amount calculated.

Tip: Right-click the **Sub Name** cell, and then select **List Subcontractors** for a list of available subcontractors.

After you enter information in the bid grid for each subcontractor and compare the amounts, you can select the subcontractor that you want to use for the job.

To select a subcontractor bid:

1. Right-click the name of the subcontractor whose bid you want to use for the estimate and select **Use Subcontractor**.
2. If the included items have labor, material, other, or equipment amounts in the spreadsheet, you have the option of removing or keeping the original category amounts.
3. **Clear the labor, material, equipment, and other amounts.** This changes these category amounts to zero.
4. **Keep the existing labor, material, equipment, and other amounts.** This changes only the **Sub** amount; amounts in other categories remain unchanged.
5. Click **[Close]**.

The selected subcontractor appears in the estimate in the **Sub Name** cell for all items included in the bid.

Adjusting Figures in Spreadsheet Columns

You can adjust columns to modify quantities, amounts, and prices for selected cells within a spreadsheet column. For example, if certain portions of a project are duplicated, you can avoid taking the items off a second time by simply adjusting selected takeoff quantities.

You have several ways to adjust selected values: increase or decrease by a percentage, multiply or divide by an amount, replace the current amount with another, add an amount, or spread an amount to each selected cell based on its percentage of the original total. Because you decide when to make the adjustment final, you can safely try various methods until you get the result you want.

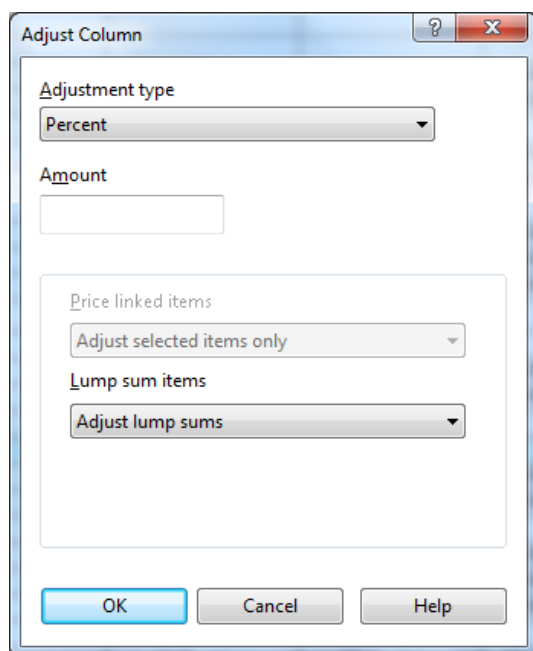
To adjust a spreadsheet column

1. In the estimate, select the cells that you want to adjust.

You can change cells in any one of the following spreadsheet columns:

- **Takeoff Quantity**
- **Productivity** (labor and equipment categories only)
- **Price** (all categories), **Amount** (all categories)
- **Totals.**

2. Right-click, and then select **Adjust Column**.



The 'Adjust Column' dialog box is shown. It features a title bar with a question mark icon and a close button. The main content area includes a dropdown menu for 'Adjustment type' currently set to 'Percent', an empty text field for 'Amount', and two grouped dropdown menus: 'Price linked items' set to 'Adjust selected items only' and 'Lump sum items' set to 'Adjust lump sums'. At the bottom, there are three buttons: 'OK', 'Cancel', and 'Help'.

3. Choose one of the following adjustment types:

- Percent
- Multiply
- Divide
- Replace

- Add
 - Spread (available from the **Amount**, **Price**, **Total Amount**, and **Total Cost/Unit** columns only)
4. Specify the amount to use to recalculate the selected cells.
 5. Click **[OK]**.

Sage Estimating applies the adjustment, which is pending, to the selected cells. If necessary, you can use the **Undo** and **Redo** features to reverse or reapply adjustments you make to the spreadsheet.

Note: You can also adjust all the items by typing an amount at the overline level, which proportionately spreads the amount to the items beneath the overline.

To finalize an adjustment:

1. In the estimate, select the adjustments that you want to finalize. Pending adjustments are marked by a red triangle.
2. Right-click and select **Adjust Column**.
3. Select **Finalize Adjustment** as the **Adjustment Type** and click **[OK]**.
4. After you have finalized productivity adjustments, Sage Estimating removes the red triangle from the selected cells. The spreadsheet adjustments are now permanent and cannot be undone.

Model Takeoff

Note: This feature is available only if you have a license to use Model Estimating.

If you own Model Estimating, you can streamline the takeoff process. A model is like a template for an estimate or work element (for example, substructure or building shell). Pre-designed, it is ready to be filled in at takeoff and can be used again for similar projects. You create models in the database using questions, items, assemblies, and default values. Then during takeoff, you respond to the questions. Your answers feed values to items and assemblies and provide input for formula calculations and set conditions that determine other values in the model. What results is an estimate or work element that is created efficiently and consistently.

To perform model takeoff:

1. Open the **Model Takeoff** window:
 - On the ribbon, from the **Takeoff** group on the **Takeoff** tab, click **Model**.
 - If you are using classic view, click **Takeoff > Model Takeoff**.
2. Select a model and take it off.
3. In the **Create Interview** window, enter a model reference.

Model Name: BLDG ELEMENT 0200 -

Model Reference:

BUILDING ELEMENT 0200 - SUBSTRUCTURE

View General Notes? ☐

A. Conceptual Control Quantities:

All dimensions are imperial, and entered in decimal format. If multiple buildings, you may enter sum of all, or run a separate model per building.

Basement level slab area, if any - SF: 30000.00

Basement level slab perimeter - LF: 1000.00

Depth of excavation, basement - VLF: 30.00

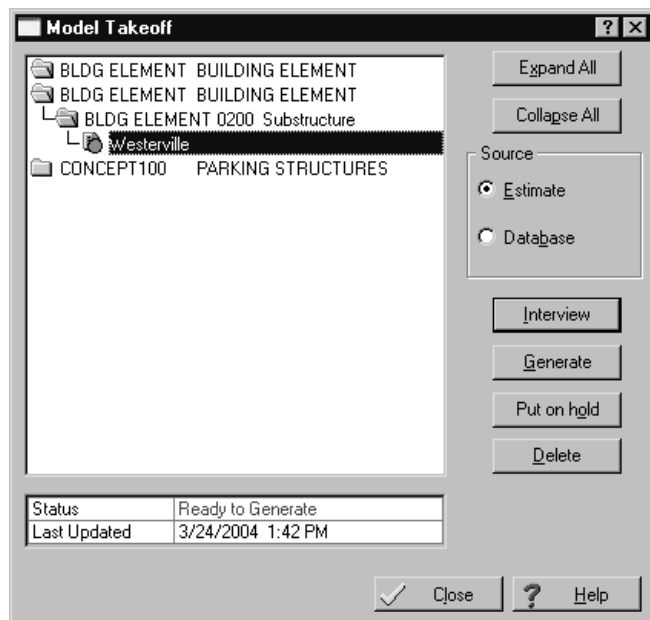
OK Cancel Help

4. Answer the questions in the interview and enter in any missing values. Your responses provide the variable information for the included assemblies and items.
5. Click [OK].

Note: Sage Estimating saves the model, but does not send the information to the estimate.

To generate a model to the estimate:

1. Open the **Model Takeoff** window:
 - On the ribbon, from the **Takeoff** group on the **Takeoff** tab, click **Model**.
 - If you are using classic view, click **Takeoff > Model Takeoff**.
2. Select **Estimate** as the **Source**, and then select the model you want to generate.



3. Click [**Generate**].
4. In the **Generate Models** window, the model you selected in step 3 is selected to be generated to the estimate. Click [**OK**]. Sage Estimating begins generating items and assemblies into the spreadsheet.

During the process, a progress bar appears at the bottom of the window and the generation log lists the model name with its items and assemblies.
5. When processing is complete, click [**OK**].
6. Click [**Close**] to return to the **Model Takeoff** window.
7. Click [**Close**] again to return to the spreadsheet. All items and assemblies from the model are now included in the estimate. You can later modify the model and regenerate it to the spreadsheet, if necessary.

Move/Copy Items

You can move or copy items to another spreadsheet level in the estimate when the spreadsheet items are not combined and the current spreadsheet sequence includes one of these levels:

- Work Breakdown Structure (WBS)
- Location
- Subcontractor
- Material Class
- Model

- Job Cost Phase
- Unassigned—Items that appear under the **Unassigned** level do not correspond to the current spreadsheet sequence levels. For example, if the current spreadsheet sequence is **Location**, items under the **Unassigned** level do not have a location code assigned to them.

Note: Move/Copy is not available for the first three spreadsheet sort tabs: **Phase/Item**, **Takeoff Order**, and **Assembly**.

Move or copy items, as follows:

1. In the estimate spreadsheet, right-click the row header, and then click [**Move/Copy**] in the **Spreadsheet** group of the **Home** tab.

(If you are using classic view, you can also click [**Move/Copy**] on the spreadsheet toolbar.)

Note: The field labels correspond to the current spreadsheet sort sequence.

2. Select the appropriate primary and/or secondary sort sequence..
3. Click **Move** or **Copy**, as required.
4. Click [**OK**].

Appendix 1: Keyboard Shortcuts

There is a way to do almost everything in Sage Estimating using the keyboard. Most keys work as they do in other Windows programs.

Note: Some key combinations behave differently depending on where you use them.

Tip: The keyboard equivalent for a command, field, option, or button is the underlined letter in its label. From an entry field, press **[Alt]** and the letter.

To review task-related shortcuts, click the links below.

Editing keys

[↑] [←] [↓] [→]	Moves one character in any direction.
[Delete]	Deletes the selected text.
[Enter]	Executes the selected command or button. Chooses the selection in a list. Saves your entries (like OK). Tip: Remember to press [Tab] , not [Enter] , to advance to the next field or option.
[Esc]	Closes a window without saving your entries (like Cancel).
[Ctrl]+[C]	Copies the selected text to the clipboard.
[Ctrl]+[X]	Cuts the selected text.
[Ctrl]+[V]	Pastes the text previously cut or copied.
[Ctrl]+[Z]	Reverses the previous action.

Navigation keys

[↑] [←] [↓] [→]	Moves one cell or character in any direction.
[Ctrl]+[←]	Goes to the far left column.
[Ctrl]+[→]	Goes to the far right column.

[Ctrl]+[↑]	Goes to the top of a column.
[Ctrl]+[↓]	Goes to the bottom of a column.
[Ctrl]+[End]	Goes to the last cell of the spreadsheet or bottom of a list.
[Ctrl]+[Home]	Goes to the first cell of the spreadsheet or top of a list.
[Page Down]	Goes to the next screen.
[Page Up]	Goes to the previous screen.
[Ctrl]+[Page Down]	Goes to the next record.
[Ctrl]+[Page Up]	Goes to the previous record.
[Tab]	Moves to the next field or option.
[Shift]+[Tab]	Moves to the previous field or option.
[Shift]+[F6]	Moves to the previous area (pane) of a window.
[Ctrl]+[F6]	Goes to the next estimate (in order opened).

Spreadsheet keys

[Esc]	Cancels your changes to a cell.
[Alt]+[Down arrow]	Opens a dropdown list.
[Ctrl]+[Down arrow]	Selects the first cell in the current column.
[Ctrl]+[Up arrow]	Selects the last cell in the current column.
[Ctrl]+[Left arrow]	Selects the first cell in the current row.
[Ctrl]+[Right arrow]	Selects the last cell in the current row.
[Ctrl] +[Page Up]	Selects the sequence to the left. Note: If using the numeric keypad, you must turn off the NumLock to use this shortcut.
[Ctrl] +[Page	Selects the sequence to the right.



Down]	Note: If using the numeric keypad, you must turn off the NumLock to use this shortcut.
[Ctrl][+]	Expands one level.
[Ctrl][-]	Collapses one level.
[Ctrl][<]	Collapses the current overline.
[Ctrl][>]	Expands the current overline.
[Spacebar]	Selects or clears a check box.
[Ctrl] + [Spacebar]	Selects an entire column.
[Shift] + [Spacebar]	Selects an entire row.
[F1]	Opens help for the current window.
[F2]	Lets you edit the current cell.
[F3]	Finds the next item that matches the current search criteria.
[F6]	Displays the next pane in the Takeoff window.
[Ctrl] +[F6]	Displays the next estimate.
[Shift]+[F6]	Displays the previous pane in the Takeoff window.
[F7]	Scans the current estimate.
[F8]	Displays or hides the Alternates Summary pane.
[F9]	Displays or hides the Item Takeoff Settings window (default settings).
[F10]	Displays the Subcontractor , Vendor , or Job Cost list.
[Ctrl][@]	Enables you to attach a file.
[Ctrl][1]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> From the spreadsheet, this combination opens the One-time Item window. From the Totals pane, it opens the One-time Addon window.
[Ctrl][8]	Set a fixed quantity.
[Ctrl][9]	Remove a fixed quantity.
[Ctrl][A]	Selects all rows in the spreadsheet.
[Ctrl][Shift]+	Performs the Copy Sum function.

[A]	
[Ctrl]+[C]	Copies the current selection.
[Ctrl]+[D]	Fills down selected values
[Ctrl]+[E]	Goes to the first visible Equipment column.
[Ctrl]+[F]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Opens the Find/Go To window in the spreadsheet or in assembly takeoff. • Opens the Search area in a List window.
[Ctrl]+[H]	Hides a selected column.
[Ctrl]+[Shift]+[H]	Displays a hidden column in a selection.
[Ctrl]+[Shift]+[J]	In the Totals pane, opens the Edit Job Size window.
[Ctrl]+[I]	Lets you edit the selected item in the standard database.
[Ctrl]+[K]	Maximizes or minimizes selected overlines.
[Ctrl]+[L]	Goes to the first visible Labor column.
[Ctrl]+[M]	Goes to the first visible Material column.
[Ctrl]+[N]	Starts a new estimate.
[Ctrl]+[Shift]+[N]	Opens the Notes window.
[Ctrl]+[O]	Lets you open an existing estimate.
[Ctrl]+[Shift]+[O]	Goes to the first visible Other column.
[Ctrl]+[P]	Lets you edit the selected phase in the standard database.
[Ctrl]+[Q]	Goes to the Takeoff Quantity column.
[Ctrl]+[R]	<p>On the Totals page, hide on reports.</p> <p>On the main spreadsheet, reset the zoom level.</p>
[Ctrl]+[Shift]+[R]	On the Totals page, show on reports.
[Ctrl]+[S]	Goes to the first visible Sub column.
[Ctrl]+[Shift]+	In the Totals pane, shows hidden Addon columns.

[S]	
[Ctrl]+[T]	Goes to the first visible Total column.
[Ctrl]+[V]	Pastes contents of the clipboard into a cell.
[Ctrl]+[W]	Enables you to view a selected attachment.
[Ctrl]+[Shift]+[W]	Opens the Arrange Windows window, so you can arrange spreadsheet panes vertically or horizontally.
[Ctrl]+[X]	Cuts the current selection, and keeps it in the clipboard.
[Ctrl]+[Y]	Repeats the previous action..
[Ctrl]+[Z]	Reverses the previous action.
[Ctrl]+[Page Down]	Goes to the next spreadsheet sequence tab.
[Ctrl]+[Page Up]	Goes to the previous spreadsheet sequence tab.
[Ctrl]+[+]	Expands one level.
[Ctrl]+[-]	Collapses one level.

Miscellaneous

[F1]	Displays help for a field or button.
[Ctrl]+[F1]	Show or hide the ribbon.
[Shift]+[F1]	Displays help for toolbars and screen areas.
[Ctrl]+[F2]	Opens the Estimate Information window.
[Ctrl]+[F3]	Opens the Estimate Settings window.
[F4]	Displays or hides the Totals window.
[Alt]+[F4]	Exits the Sage Estimating application.
[Ctrl]+[F4]	Closes the estimate.
[F5]	Displays or hides the Estimate Item Detail window.
[F9]	Starts Digitizer if you own Digitizer.

[F10]	Opens a list (like pressing  .
[Shift]+[F10]	Opens the shortcut menu .
[F11]	Opens the Calculator window.
[F12]	Starts ePlan Takeoff if you own ePlan Takeoff.
[Ctrl]+[F12]	Shows information about the standard database and the locale .
[Alt]+[↓]	Displays a dropdown list (like pressing  .
[Esc]	Ends the cell edit without saving your entry.
[→]	Expands an entry in a list.
[←]	Collapses an entry in a list.
<u>underlined letter</u>	<p>Executes a menu command or button. Goes to a field or option.</p> <div> Tip: From an entry field, press [Alt] and the letter. </div>
[Alt]+[S]	Opens the Search area for a list.
[Alt]+[R]	Moves your cursor to the Search field.